



The Times

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XVIIIth YEAR.

SINGLE PART—SIXTEEN PAGES AT THE OFFICE COUNTER. PRICE 3 CENTS

SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1899.

105 STREETS AND TRAINS 5 CENTS

THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

ORPHEUM—Hawaiian Queens' Souvenirs at Matinee Today. TONIGHT—FLORENZ TROUPE, 6 sensational acrobats, one week only. VINIE DEWITT, cornet virtuoso; TOM BROWN, monologist; HAWAIIAN QUEENS, in a new opera, "THE QUEEN'S FAN," last week of HOWARD'S PONY CIRCUS, and of BE PAGE SISTERS, LA PETITE ELISE and the EUDORIS. PRICES NEVER CHANGING—Best Reserved Seats, down stairs, 25c and 50c; entire balcony, 25c; gallery 10c. Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, any seat 25c. Children, any seat, 10c. Telephone Main 1447.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MOROSCO, Lessee and Manager. Most Perfect, Complete and Thoroughly Artistic Performance Ever Given by a Dramatic Company in Los Angeles. NINTH SUCCESSFUL WEEK OF **"THE FRAWLEY COMPANY,"** In the beautiful and powerful romantic drama, "AN ENEMY TO THE KING." Prices Always the Same—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Matinee Saturday. Telephone Main 1270.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

BLANCHARD HALL—Wednesday Evening, November 8th, Throop Institute Mandolin and Guitar Club.

CONCERT

VALENTINE ABT, Soloist,

The World's Greatest Mandolin Virtuoso.

Admission 75c, 50c and 35c. For sale at Bartlett's Broadway Store.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—ONE HUNDRED GIGANTIC BIRDS. Tips, Plumes, Hens and Eggs at Producers' Prices. No agency in Los Angeles.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM—Nov. 28. THE CREATION. Mr. F. A. BACON, Conductor—150 voices in chorus—35 in orchestra. Mgt. of J. T. Fitzgerald.

EUGENE DEBS—Hazard's Pavilion, Nov. 4, 8 p.m., "Labor and Liberty." Hazard's Pavilion, Nov. 5, 2:30 p.m., "What Labor Demands." Elks' Hall, Nov. 5, 8 p.m., "Socialism." Admission Free.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

CALIFORNIA LIMITED—

Santa Fe Route BEGINS SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11.

Leaves Los Angeles 8:00 p.m., Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday. Leaves Pasadena 6:25 p.m., Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday. Arrives Denver 6:00 p.m., Thursday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday. Arrives Kansas City 2:15 a.m., Friday, Sunday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Arrives Chicago 2:15 p.m., Friday, Sunday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Arrives New York 6:20 p.m., Saturday, Monday, Wednesday and Thursday. Entirely new and luxurious equipment. Everything to make you comfortable, and the latest time ever made.

EXCURSIONS MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 4 AND 5. \$1.75 From Los Angeles to Alpine Tavern and return (including all points on Mt. Lowe Railway). "FIFTY CENTS TO RUBIO CANYON" and return. Autumn days in the mountains among the giant pines and the grandest trip on earth. Pasadena Electric Cars connecting leave 8, 9, 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. All a.m. and 1 p.m. make entire trip and return same day. Evening special will leave Echo Mountain after operation of World's Fair Search Light and large Telescope, arriving at 10:45. To make your trip complete, remain over night or longer at "ECHO MOUNTAIN HOUSE," strictly first class. Rates \$2.50 and up per day. \$12.50 and up per week.

SPECIAL NOTE—These are perfect days for the trip, the clear atmosphere allowing a most comprehensive and perfect view. The valleys, cities, ocean and islands stand out most perfect and clear, and NOW is the time to make the trip, while this special low rate is in effect. Tickets and full information, office, 214 South Spring St. Tel. Main 960.

FLASHORE EXCURSION AND FISH DINNER—

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4. A personally conducted excursion via the Terminal Railway to the seashore, including elegant fish dinner in the Gordon Arms Hotel grill room, overlooking the ocean, and seat in drawing-room car. The entire cost of the trip will be but \$1.25; children, 75c. Train leaves 10:50 a.m.; returning, arrives at 5:45 p.m. Information and Ticket Office, 214 South Spring St. Tel. Main 960.

OCEANIC S. S. COMPANY—(SPRICKELS LINE). Honolulu, Samoa, New Zealand, Australia. HUGH B. RICE, Agt., 230 S. Spring. Phone Main 392. Apply for literature.

IMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

UNUSUAL VARIETY IN VEGETABLES—

Economizing at your own expense is one of the worst forms of extravagance. Job lot and peddler's vegetables are dear at any price, and you never get just what you want. At Althouse's the variety is always such you can select without trouble, and today it's unusually good, as we've prepared for a big business.

Store Open Until 12 Tonight.

ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO. Tel. Main 298. 213-215 West Second Street.

PINEAPPLES AND BANANAS—Just received, a large shipment of beautiful fruit. Blackberries and Strawberries extra line today. Watsonville Apples, the finest in the market. Order a box of Snow Apples, to be had at our store ONLY. \$1.35 a box. WE SHIP EVERYWHERE. Tel. Main 1426. 300-302-304-306 Temple St. Cor. Broadway.

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SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—The famous resort 3 1/2 hours from Los Angeles. Golf Links, Submarine gardens as seen through glass-bottom boats. Marvelous exhibition of living fish in glass tanks. Boasting the wild goat fishing, etc. Most equable climate in the world—average temperature 70 degrees. HOTEL METROPOLE always open at popular rates. Regular daily steamer service from San Pedro except on Friday. See railroad time tables. BANNING COMPANY. Tel. Main 36. 222 South Spring Street, Los Angeles.

ADD TO THE BEAUTY OF YOUR HOME—By ordering beautiful BOSTON FERN OF MESERVE FLORAL AND NURSERY CO. Flower Store, 244 South Broadway. Sales Yard, 635 South Broadway. Telephone M 1245.

CARBONS—Every Picture a Work of Art. 16-MEDALS—16. Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world. STUDIO, 230 1/2 S. SPRING ST., Opp. Hollenbeck.

BLOOD, SKIN AND OTHER POISONS—Cured with Turkish Baths. 210 South Broadway. Tel. Main 427.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

SWAN ACROSS TO VICTORY.

Chase's Cavalry Troop at Bougabong.

They Surround the Garrison and Invade the Town.

Enemy Escapes Leaving Rifles and Cartridges Behind.

Scouts Have a Fight in the Vicinity of Aliaga.

Gen. Otis Relates the Official News of Lawton's Advance—Slaves' Men Strike Insurgents. Lieut. Boutelle Dead.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) MANILA, Nov. 4, 9:25 a.m.—[By Manila Cable.]—Chase's troop of the Third Cavalry and a troop of the Fourth Cavalry swam the river and surrounded the garrison at Bougabong, entering the town. The enemy fled. Six rifles and a quantity of ammunition were captured.

Castro's scouts had a skirmish with insurgents near Aliaga, killing five. Lieut. Boutelle dead.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The War Department has received the following cablegram:

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) MANILA, Nov. 3.—On the last inst. Lieut. Slaven and eighteen men reconnoitered MacArthur's front; struck forty or more entrenched insurgents. Immediately attacked and dispersed them, killing three and wounding a number. No casualties.

"Yesterday" Lawton's advance at Aliaga struck enemy both west and south of city. Batson's Macabebes scouts, reconnoitering south, struck insurgents in ambush. Lieut. Boutelle killed, one scout wounded. Batson's enemy; left seven dead in thickets.

"Yesterday" Bell, thirty-sixth, with regiment and troop Fourth Cavalry, cleared country of all armed insurgents from Floridabana to considerable distance beyond Poroc, pursuing them into mountains, capturing nine men, including a captain, and a considerable property, killing and wounding, and capturing a number of the enemy.

"Insurgent cavalry of that section practically destroyed. Bell's casualties, one man killed and two wounded." (Signed) "OTIS."

Second Lieut. Henry M. Boutelle was a son of Capt. Frazier A. Boutelle of Maine. He was appointed second lieutenant of the Third Artillery July 3, 1898, from civil life, and the next month accompanied his regiment to the Philippines.

KANSAS DEMONSTRATIONS. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) KANSAS CITY (Mo.), Nov. 3.—Where the elaborate welcoming ceremonies in their behalf had been concluded at Topeka last night, members of the Twentieth Kansas Volunteers began scattering, and by noon today practically all had reached their destinations. Today, in almost every town and city in the State, celebrations are being held in honor of the soldiers, regiments, parades and jubiliations marking the arrival of the men. In Kansas City, Kan., one of the biggest demonstrations in the history of the city was made in welcoming Co. B. A feature was a parade made up of 8000 people, including civic and military organizations and public officials.

SPECIAL TRAIN'S LUCK. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) PORT SCOTT (Kan.), Nov. 3.—The Missouri-Pacific special train bearing Co. F, Twentieth Kansas Regiment, to this city from Topeka, collided with a Missouri, Kansas and Texas freight train, ten miles north of Blue Mound, Kansas, at a crossing this morning. The fireman of the Missouri-Pacific was injured, the passengers escaping with a severe shaking-up.

ORGANIZE A BATTERY. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) ABILENE (Kan.), Nov. 3.—Capt. George N. Watson of Co. L, Twentieth Kansas Regiment, just returned, has secured government permission to organize a Kansas battery of light artillery with 120 men and six rapid-fire Hotchkiss guns. He will return to the Philippines to fight under Gen. Funston next month. The battery will be organized here, and many of Watson's old company will reenlist.

PHILIPPINE COMMISSION. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The Philippine Commission held a brief session today. It was decided that the commission will continue its work without a recess. Mr. Schurman will leave for Ithaca tonight, to be gone a week, but will take his work with him.

WASHINGTON BOYS SAIL. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—Four hundred men of the First Washington Regiment, the last of the command, sailed for Seattle on the steamer Queen today. In all 19 officers and 357 men went on board.

ABOARD THE THOMAS. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Forty-seventh United States Infantry arrived in Jersey City from Camp Meade today in four sections. There were 1390 men under command of Col. Walter Howe. The men were conveyed by ferryboat to the transport Gen. Thomas, at Brooklyn, which will convey them to Manila. Fifty-three men

JUSTICE IN THE NEW COLONIES.

"SUPREME LAW AMERICAN."

(A. P. DAY REPORT.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The difficulties attending the administration of justice in Cuba and Porto Rico are pointed out in reports to the Judge-Advocate-General of the army. Gen. Lieber, whose annual report was made public today, Maj. Dudley, at Havana, states in the course of a report:

"The present situation here has no exact precedent in that, during a time of peace, we are in temporary military occupation of a friendly territory, not our own land, pledged to discharge the obligations that may under international law result from the fact of such occupation for the protection of life and property, and to withdraw from the territory as soon as a stable government of its own shall be established."

"The opposition to complete change of the spirit, methods and technicalities of the system of justice maintained in the system of 'military justice,' for example, is especially surprising. But though slow in coming, the success of such personal rights and liberties as are really enjoyed by Americans under the American law will be a great step toward the establishment of a free, self-governing people, such as the Cubans desire to be."

J. Dunn, Judge-Advocate of the Porto Rico, states and President Priole, makes similar observations, and says: "The supreme law on the island of Cuba is that of the supreme power, the United States, and as long as an American remains here under existing conditions, he that for a month or longer."

Maj. Sharp, acting Judge-Advocate of Porto Rico, reviews the manifold difficulties in dealing with brigandage, the complex customs relating to marriage and divorce, the crowding of jails with men, women and children, who literally rot while justice proceeds, and the general state of anarchy. He deprecates the premature withdrawal of this government and the establishment of a territorial form of government, the weakness of the state, the newspapers demand, and says it would be the most unfortunate measure that could possibly befall the island. He adds:

"Continued military control for a reasonable time, aided by wise advisory councils, composed of the best elements of the people, and the ultimate assimilation by the people of our best American thought and methods of administration."

APPROVING THE REPORT. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Standard says: "Public opinion throughout the United States may be trusted to endorse the President's approval of the commission's report."

"No statute will, I imagine, be found ready to stand forward as the advocate of retirement."

"Proceeding to comment upon the importance of the situation in the Standard upon eastern politics, the Standard says: 'Hereafter, in the various complications and competitions which the new situation of the United States create, Washington will speak with a no less powerful voice than St. Petersburg.'"

Daily News, which characterizes the report as "sheer common sense," says: "It is not quite in line with the Declaration of Independence, but experience has shown that the states must create a large part of the diseases that carry off soldiers. Col. W. G. Morse of New York discusses 'The Next Step in the Work of Garbage and Waste Disposal.'"

POSTAGE NOT DUE. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The Postmaster-General has issued an order forbidding postmasters in the United States to collect postage due in excess of the domestic rate on any letters sent by soldiers, sailors, marines or other persons in the United States service in Guam and the Philippines.

FUNSTON-IRELAND CONTROVERSY.—A SOLDIER EXPLAINS. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 3.—Thomas Campbell, late of the Third Infantry, now in the service of the United States, explains the controversy between Gen. Funston and Archbishop Ireland regarding church desecration in the Philippines is based on a misunderstanding of the facts. He says that he himself is a Catholic and that there were a score or more of Catholics in his company, all of whom had been in the Philippines since they did their Protestant comrades.

The reason, he says, is that the Philippines themselves had desecrated the churches before the United States troops came. The buildings were looted for small arms and used as storehouses and hospitals, so that the desecration of the buildings was a necessary strategic necessity. The paraphernalia either had to be taken away or suffered with the reduction of the buildings.

GIRLS WILL DECORATE SOLDIERS.—RECEPTION PROGRAMME. (A. P. EARLY A.M. REPORT.) CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A special to the Times-Herald from Des Moines says plans are now complete for the reception of the Fifty-first Regiment of Iowa Volunteers in all the towns that have companies. The State reception will be at Council Bluffs, Monday afternoon, and every company is expected to reach home that night.

The Des Moines companies will be given a brief reception on their arrival, when fifty-one girls will pin medals to the soldier boys. The medals are given by the city, and cost \$5 each. Thursday evening a grand reception will be given the Des Moines companies at the State House, as well as a banquet at the Savoy Hotel. Plenty of noise and fireworks will accompany the demonstration.

VANDERBILT RAILWAY AFFAIRS.—OFFICIAL MEETING CALLED. (A. P. EARLY A.M. REPORT.) NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Times says that a meeting of all the Vanderbilt railway presidents has been called for this city at once. It is believed that at this meeting there will be submitted by W. K. Vanderbilt a plan for the closer unification of the systems so that thereby properties may be gotten into more harmonious and more economical operating relations.

Important developments in the New York Central may follow as one result of the meeting. The directors of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company will, November 14, meet in the company's office in

THIS CITY TO FILL THE VACANCY IN THE DIRECTORATE CREATED BY THE DEATH OF CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.

Of a rumor that President E. B. Thomas of the Erie Railway would be chosen, and that his election would be proof of an intention to sooner or later amalgamate the Erie with the Central's system, an officer of the Erie Four said:

"There has been gossip about President Thomas' succeding Vanderbilt, but I know of no foundation for it, and am ignorant of any plan to take in the Erie."

"This I consider not in accord with the policy of consolidating and building up the Vanderbilt properties. At any rate, the director to be chosen at the meeting will be W. K. Vanderbilt's selection, and if any man keeps his own counsel it is he."

HOBART GROWS WEAKER.—VICE-PRESIDENT UNABLE TO TAKE NOURISHMENT.

Patient Rests Well and Experiences No Suffering—Basket of Flowers Received from Mrs. McKinley—Admiral Schley Expresses Hope for the Sick Man's Early Recovery.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.) PATERSON (N. J.), Nov. 3.—The following bulletin was authorized by Dr. Newton:

"9:30 a.m.—Vice-President Hobart passed a good night until 2 o'clock, when he had an attack of weakness, but rallied after the administration of medicine. Since 5 o'clock his pulse has been stronger and at 9 o'clock he was in fair condition."

Although Mr. Hobart is resting easily it is admitted that he is gradually growing weaker. His failure to take nourishment in satisfactory quantities is responsible for this.

REMEMBERED BY FRIENDS. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) PATERSON (N. J.), Nov. 3.—The Vice-President was resting quietly this afternoon and was asleep at 1:45 o'clock. A basket of flowers was received from Mrs. McKinley today, and a letter came from Admiral Schley expressing the hope that the Vice-President would soon be restored to health.

EXPERIENCES NO SUFFERING. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) PATERSON (N. J.), Nov. 3, 6 p.m.—The Vice-President has had a favorable day; his pulse is strong and he is suffering in no way.

VICE-PRESIDENT SLEEPING. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) PATERSON (N. J.), Nov. 3, 11 p.m.—Vice-President Hobart is sleeping. Everything is favorable for a good night.

PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATION.—OFFICERS AND PAPERS. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 3.—At the closing session of the American Public Health Association today, a resolution was adopted deprecating the use of preservatives of a harmful nature in food products. The officers nominated last night were duly elected, and in addition, Dr. Theobald Smith of Boston was chosen for the chairmanship of the new section of chemistry and bacteriology. The choice of Indianapolis as the next meeting place was ratified. The papers and discussion of the morning were on the subject of "Garbage."

Dr. Benjamin Lee of the Pennsylvania State Board of Health, in a paper on "The Treatment of Garbage and Excreta in Military Camps," explained that flies were responsible for a large part of the diseases that carry off soldiers. Col. W. G. Morse of New York discussed "The Next Step in the Work of Garbage and Waste Disposal."

OLSEN'S EVENTFUL LIFE ENDED.—RECLUSE FOUND DEAD. (A. P. EARLY A.M. REPORT.) CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A special to the Times-Herald from Galena, Ill., says that Hovey Olsen, better known as "Harve Anderson, the big Swede," was found dead in his house five miles from here. For twenty-five years he lived the life of a recluse.

Belonging to a wealthy family in Sweden, at 20 years of age his father gave him a yacht and he sailed around

the world. Although finally educated, he was of a roving and adventurous disposition. He practiced law in Norway, coming to America he married and prospered.

He enlisted in Co. B, Eighth Illinois Infantry, and served in the Spanish civil war and was a pensioner. Arrangements were almost completed to remove him to the Soldiers' Home at Quincy, Ill. Domestic trouble, it is said, caused his retirement from the world.

Three sons live in the State of Washington. Though a recluse he was widely known in Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin.

"CUTTING INTO COLLIS."—HIS PACIFIC MAIL BUSINESS TO HAVE COMPETITION.

George Sharpe and Dennis Sweeney Have Plans for Running a Line of Steamers from San Francisco to Valparaiso—Fortnightly Service to Be Established—San Diego's Chance.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A gentleman just back from South America, where he went to make an investigation into commercial and financial matters, tells the Times correspondent about a plan which two great South American steamboat companies have for cutting into business which Collis P. Huntington for many years regarded as his personal property. The companies proposing to cut into Huntington's business are the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, and the Compania Naviera Sud Americana. George Sharpe representing the Navigation company and Dennis Sweeney representing the Sud Americana, are on their way to this country where they propose to complete arrangements for running a line of steamers from San Francisco to Valparaiso, stopping at intermediate important ports in competition with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

A part of the plan which these gentlemen have in mind is the establishment of San Diego as a freight port, and the making of connections there with the Santa Fe Railroad for distribution of South American freight to the interior points, as well as making San Diego a shipping port for goods consigned to South America.

All these plans are being made because Huntington holds at present a monopoly upon South American business through his interest in, and control with the Panama Railroad Company. The two companies named have repeatedly tried to make arrangements for doing business with the Panama Railroad, and failed on account of interference by Huntington. They propose to come direct to the United States with their ships, and not only compete with Huntington on the sea but by traffic arrangements with the Santa Fe complete for South American business on land with the Huntington Southern Pacific road.

The two companies named already have in service some of the finest steamships engaged in passenger and freight coastwise trading found anywhere in the world. They will establish about January 1, a fortnightly boat service between San Francisco and Valparaiso.

Crew of a Wreck. NASSAU (N. P.), Nov. 3.—The captain and crew of the schooner Cellina, from Philadelphia, October 9, for Galveston, which struck a reef off Charleston Sound, Abaco, October 23, drove over and lay between the reefs while a heavy sea was running, have arrived here. They report that the vessel and her cargo have been lost, but that the materials have been saved.

Taken from the Ruins. CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Searchers in the ruins of the New England Mills, which collapsed Wednesday night, recovered the body of Charles Mullin today. This makes three bodies so far that have been recovered, and the body of Henry Hilton, the book-keeper of the firm, still remains in the wreck.

Schley Going South. WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Admiral Schley, accompanied by Mrs. Schley, Miss Letitia and Mr. Fox Angus of Baltimore, left Washington today over the Southern Railroad for the south. The party occupied a private car.

Points of the News in Today's Times.

[INDEX TO THE NEWS BUDGET.—Volume: Fresh A. P. Night Report and exclusive Times specials received by wire since dark last night, about 14 columns. Financial and Commercial, about 4 columns. Day Report (not so fresh) about 10 columns. Aggregate, 28 columns. The Index (for both telegraphic and local news) refers to general classification, subject and page.]

The City—Pages 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16. Arrival of the wave of prosperity. Vehicle tax proposed to raise revenue to continue hand-sweeping of streets. An old man missing. Teachers' Alliance plans a reception. San Pedro ferry franchise approved. McDonald will contest withdrawn. Trouble over trust funds. Ivanhoe teacher charged with battery. Effort to undo sanitary elections. Fire-house contract divided into six awards. Protest against Public market ordinance discussed. Southern California—Page 15. Unknown old man tries to kill and cremate himself at Pasadena. Log Beach officials inspecting sewer systems. Highland man to grow oranges in Hawaii. Redlands pupils arm broken. Powder mill projected for Santa Ana. Large acreage of barley at Fullerton. San Bernardino pioneer passes out. Railway prospects at Anaheim. Steamer Carlisle City at San Pedro. Big quarry to be reopened near Ventura. Dynamite found at Pasadena. By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4. Heavy losses and many prisoners the result of recent engagements in South Africa. Cavalry surround and enter the town of Bougabong, Luzon. Many persons drowned at Antwerp.

Pacific Coast—Page 3. Football player paralyzed at Berkeley. Arrives from Australia. San José bank directors meet. Napa man killed by a train. Maj. Gerrard thanked for his offer of a regiment of California Englishmen. Shipwrecks on a strike. W. H. Nevills goes for slander. General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Jeffries secures a decision over Sharkey on points. Vice-President Hobart growing weaker. Huntington to have competition. Gen. Lieber's annual report. Meeting of Vanderbilt railway presidents called. Racing on eastern tracks. More trouble in Nicaragua. Cabinet meeting discusses Philippine report. Bid submitted by Seattle shipbuilders. Two arrests for pension fraud. Croker and Mazet troubles. Terrific gale on Lake Michigan strands many vessels. Financial and Commercial—Page 14. Statement of bank clearings. San Francisco mining stocks. Liverpool grain. California fruit sales. General eastern markets. San Francisco produce quotations and receipts. Treasury statement. Closing figures. Eastern livestock markets. New York shares and money. Broadstreet review.

CLOSE SHAVE FOR WHITE.

Only the Powerful Men Saved Him.

But for Naval Contingent the Day Were Lost.

Significance in the Number of Those Missing.

Delayed Dispatches Alone Come from Ladysmith.

Reports from the Town Wednesday Say Matters Were Quiet—Kimberley Still Safe—Bombardment of Mafeking.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) LONDON, Nov. 4, 4:45 a.m.—[By Atlantic Cable.] There is very little fresh intelligence today, but it is believed the Delagoa Bay route, if not already restored, speedily will be, thus giving quicker communication with the Cape. The situation is still hopeful.

The accounts that continue to arrive regarding the fighting on Paarlburg farm only confirm its serious nature and the narrow escape Gen. White had. On this point the Morning Post remarks: "Nothing tells such a tale of battle as the list of the missing. When the missing exceed the killed, it is almost safe to write defeat across the story, because 'missing' means abandonment or surrender." It now appears as if it were only the arrival of the naval contingent from the Powerful which prevented a worse disaster.

It seems that when it was seen that the reinforcement was imperative, two Natal cavalrymen volunteered to convey a dispatch across the Boer lines to Maj. Adye ordering him to retire, but the risk was considered too great, and flag signalling was employed instead. The distance was too great and the ground too rough for cavalry to go to his assistance.

According to dispatches filed Tuesday, defensive works were being constructed on the hillsides around Ladysmith, and it was expected there that the big naval guns would be mounted the following day. The Boers were threatening to attack the town in force Wednesday and Thursday, and the women, children and other non-combatants were being sent by train to the south. Ladysmith is provisioned for two months.

A dispatch from Colesberg, dated November 1, announces that six police who were stationed at Colesberg bridge were surrounded and captured. This is probably the origin of the story that the Boers had occupied Colesberg. Paris and Berlin continue to supply statements of British reverses, the latest being that Mafeking has fallen. The Paris correspondent of the Daily News asserts that since the war began the Boer service fund has been increased to \$10,000 monthly, and that pro-Bour journalists are prying by the wholesale. None of the rumors is yet confirmed, and little attention is paid to them.

The Standard publishes a dispatch from Luxembourg, which says: "Until a few days ago, Lord Leys has been in telegraphic communication with Pretoria through an indirect diplomatic channel, by means of which he has been able to inform the Transvaal of the supposed British plan to advance through the Orange Free State. With a view of anticipating this movement, the Boers will endeavor to capture or isolate Ladysmith, and then to press on to Durban, where they would be able to prevent a British debarcation, while the main Boer army would hastily retrace steps toward the line of the Orange River."

At Plymouth it is rumored that the channel squadron will be ordered to the Cape, where a great naval force is to be collected with a view of establishing a cordon from the mouth of the Orange River to Delagoa Bay to prevent the landing of supplies for the enemy, and with a view, also, if necessary, of landing guns to assist the British forces.

QUIET AT LADYSMITH. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Daily Mail summarizes the following dispatch from Ladysmith, dated Wednesday morning: "Matters there are quiet. The Boers are apparently mounting more heavy guns to the north and northeast, which are likely to give us trouble. A Boer contingent, consisting of a detachment of the camp, is streaming away to the south. The inhabitants of Ladysmith continue to leave the town."

NAVAL PRIZE COURT. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) CAPE TOWN, Oct. 31.—[Delayed in transmission.] Sir Alfred Milner, in his capacity of vice-admiral of the Cape district, has issued a proclamation establishing a naval prize court during the continuance of the war. This is aimed at foreigners who might try to land supplies for the Boers.

BADEN-POWELL'S COURTESY. (A. P. NIGHT REPORT.) CAPE TOWN, Nov. 1.—[Delayed in transmission.] The Cape Times says it has reliable information that there have been no casualties among the

CHARGED WITH PENSION FRAUD

TWO ARRESTS MADE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—Francis Valle, a notary public; Millie Haze, an aged negress, and another person who has not been apprehended, are charged in

Millie Haze submitted proof for a widow's pension five years ago and it is averred that some payments were made. About a year ago the Pension Office received information that the woman's claims were bogus. An in-

investigation was begun. It was alleged that Valle certified to her affidavit and aided her in her efforts to get the pension. He was arrested to day and taken before the Federal Court. Valle was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. Judge Adams fixed his bond at \$1000. Attorney Reyburn volunteered surety and Valle was released.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—The Lokal Nzeiger states that the Federal council yesterday received a communication from Vice-Admiral Tirpitz, Minister of the Navy, to the effect that a new

District Attorney's Action Upheld.
NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The action of Dist.-Atty. Gardiner in refusing to

give his assent to the placing of election cases before the grand jury without preliminary hearings before magistrates, was upheld by the grand jury which refused to hear a number of such cases presented by Superintendent of Elections McCullagh.

pounds of dynamite exploded in the mixing house of the Aetna Powder Works at Aetna, Ind., today, resulting in the death of two employes. The shock was felt at Valparaiso, Ind., and in towns more distant from the scene of the disaster. The cause of the explosion is not known.

University President Inaugurated.
WOOSTER, O., Nov. 3.—Rev. Louis Edwards Holden was today inaugurated president of Wooster University vice Dr. Sylvester Scovel, resigned. Rev. Holden comes from the University of Beloit, Wis., and is the fourth president since Wooster College was opened in 1870.

Charges Against Bank Officials.
MONTREAL, Nov. 3.—A true bill has been returned against William Weir, president of the Bank Ville Marie; Jeffrey Smith, one of the directors, and Ferdinand Lemieux, the ex-cashier, for making a false statement of the affairs to the government.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Night Dispatch Condensed.

A dispatch from Washington says: Lieutenant-Commander James G. Green has been assigned to command the Havana naval station.

Day Dispatches Condensed.

A Berlin cablegram says Right Rev. Dr. Haffner, bishop of Mayence, is dead.

Reports from Key West show one new case of yellow fever there, and from Miami two new cases are reported. No deaths have occurred.

A dispatch from St. Thomas, D. W. I., says that Gen. Ignacio Andrade has

recently-deposed President of Venezuela, who made his escape from Caracas October 20, arrived there last night. He will proceed to San Juan de Porto Rico.

RESORTS.

Hotel del Coronado,

America's Largest Seaside Resort—Has
the Most Enjoyable Climate—

Official Maxi- mum and Minimum Tem-	Summer or Winter, to be found at Any Health or Pleasure Resort in the
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YEAR	Nov.		Dec.	
	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
1874	75	45	82	39
1875	78	50	75	38

1876	79	43	77	43	sea baths and surf bathing.
1877	78	46	78	46	None better in the world.
1878	77	40	79	35	
1879	79	43	74	32	BAGGAGE —Passenger
1880	78	40	77	40	for Coronado are requested
1881	75	38	77	39	not to give their baggage
1882	80	42	78	41	checks to transfer agent
1883	82	43	78	42	on the train, but to retain
1884	74	42	68	36	them and hand to hotel
1885	76	42	79	40	porter at San Diego depot
1886	77	40	76	40	thus saving 25c. per trunk.
1887	82	44	74	35	
1888	82	44	74	35	SUMMER RATES —Are
1889	82	44	74	35	in effect until Dec. 1.

1888	75	46	73	44	Hotel Pamphlets
1889	83	46	69	40	Rates, etc., write
1890	91	46	79	47	
1891	82	41	72	32	E. S. BABCOCK,
1892	84	40	71	36	Manager
1893	83	40	82	38	Hotel del Coronado,
1894	78	45	70	41	Coronado, Cal.
1895	85	38	79	34	Or. inquire at Los Angeles
1896	76	43	78	46	Agency, 300 S. Spring St.
1897	83	45	80	30	H. E. Norcross, Agent.
1898	76	43	79	43	

Camp Sturtevant—
The mountains are beautiful now. The camp is open. Mr. and Mrs. Cilley in charge. For circular and price list address,
W. M. STURTEVANT, Sierra Madre

ck of Alfalfa, Oat, Wheat and Barley Hay in
RY, with Baker-Mead Warehouse Co. 1616
phone M. 833. Carloads shipped everywhere

CRIBLE—COAL.
e and retail dealers in South Field Wellington

CAFES.

first and Main Sts. Hart Bros. props. "The additional rooms, all newly furnished, every-
for American plan, \$1.25 to \$3.00, latter

Central. First-class at moderate rates. Euro-
Special by week or mo. F. B. MALLORY, Prop.

arSecond. The leading family hotel. Cuisine ex-
tial rates by the week. THOS. PASCOE Prop.

Special PRICES on Special Goods during our annual fall Wall Paper Sale, including all gift papers.
A. A. ECKSTROM 324 S. Spring St.

BOTH WASTED BLOOD

JEFFRIES GETS THE DECISION OVER SAILOR SHARKEY.

Latter Was Like a Bulldog and Took All of the Californian's Weight and Driven to Beat Him Out.

Fight Went the Full Twenty-five Rounds and Was Awarded to the Champion on Points. Challenges Issued.

Kris Kringle Sold to "Carley" Brown—Results of the Lakeside and Aqueduct Races—Football Player Paralyzed.

IN A NIGHT REPORT

CONY ISLAND SPORTING CLUB. Ring-side, Nov. 3. James J. Jeffries retains the championship of the world. Referee George Siler giving him the decision at the end of the twenty-fifth round over Tommy Moran, who was at the Coney Island Sporting Club tonight. It was one of the most notable battles that has taken place, and the greatest crowd that ever gathered in the Coney Island clubhouse witnessed the desperate struggle for supremacy.

In five rounds Jeffries had the better of the fight in the first two and last three. During the other twenty-three rounds the issue and the ball were at his man with both hands unceasingly. In those twenty rounds Jeffries' great weight and brawn helped him to hold off the sailor, and the twenty-second round he swung in a couple of vicious uppercuts that made Sharkey groan. Tom came back again in the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth rounds, but he was weakened greatly by Jeffries' vicious blows.

One minute before the gong sounded to end the fight Jeffries left glove and practically the contest was over. The referee motioned Jeffries to his corner, an American flag was hung from the champion's shoulders, and the crowd roared wildly. The crowd on the side and end in Sharkey's corner yelled for Sharkey, and the men were led back to their dressing-rooms. Thousands of spectators were banded forty feet high in the building, the place being packed from the inside to the rafters, and the aisles around the ring were lined. The tremendous crowd sweated under the glare of 400 lights. Fifteen feet or less from the canvas of the square ring the heat was intense. The fighters were exhausted, and the spectators shrieked themselves hoarse. It seemed at first as though it would be a short fight, for in the second round Jeffries punched the sailor to the ropes with a left on the jaw, and the referee began to call off the seconds as Sharkey knelt on the floor. But from the third round on Sharkey, with his "vicious swings to the ribs and to the jaw, kept the crowd on its feet waiting for a knock-out.

Jeffries stood the terrific punishment, and with his eye, nose and ear split, came back just as viciously in the last three rounds, and almost retrieved himself. Then came the unfortunate and unsatisfactory ending. Jeffries' glove flying on Sharkey's head, and an end, although the crowd urged Sharkey to rush in and end it. This he tried to do, but Jeffries fought him back, and the referee stepped in to rescue. It was noticeable that Jeffries used his weight to his best advantage, throwing himself all over the sailor, but the latter did his share, too, hugging, too, and both were warned repeatedly.

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At 8:00 o'clock there were 5000 people in the building, and later the boxes filled to overflowing. All manner of men were there, and among those well known were James J. Corbett and John J. Sullivan, former champions. "Kid McCoy," Peter Maher, Tim Kearns, George Dixon, Senator Sullivan and Jacob Schaefer and George Slosson, Frank Hatch and "Parson" Davies of Chicago. Gus Ruhlin, Dave Gideon, Mike Donovan, Chief of Police, O'Meara of Pittsburgh, Police Commissioner, Ed Delaney of Salt Lake, Michael Dwyer and Benny Jacobs of Detroit. A preliminary order of ten rounds at 25 pounds preceded the big event, and "Kid" Goulette of Rochester, who looked a deal like Jeffries on a small scale, was beaten by Tommy Moran of Brooklyn.

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Jeffries landed a terrific uppercut in the tenth round, and Sharkey's eyelid was split, but in the twelfth round Sharkey got back with a half dozen left swings and a right, and it was wonderful that they did not end the fight. Jeffries hugged the sailor hard, and shook his head as he went to his corner.

Every round carried Sharkey across the ring at the start, and he was fighting the champion all over the canvas. In the fifteenth round Jeffries made a bluff at forcing his man, who was at him again like a bulldog and swung high and low, and landed almost every time he swung. The Californian made his short head. He prepared for a disaster, and he was whirled. Sharkey, too, was tiring fast, and they punched and swung and staggered and clinched. The crowd cheered for the next few rounds. The crowd cheered from the sound of the gong to the close of each round. Both men were covered with blood, and Jeffries was bleeding badly from the nose, which Sharkey's savage right had split.

Suddenly, in the twenty-second round, Jeffries seemed to take on new life. Just at the close of this round the champion swung right and left on Sharkey's jaw and almost took him off his feet. He reeled, and the gong saved him. Sharkey, who had been, however, in the next round, but Jeffries had the better of it, putting in two right uppercuts. Jeffries' friends shouted, and the house, while the referee urged him with loud cries to go in hard and rough it. He threw down his boxer-like head and though his stomach was fast leaving him, he had Jeffries guessing until the gong sounded.

No one could say who would get in the knockout blow, and neither seemed able to put enough force into the blow to drop his man. And in the midst of the twenty-fifth round, nearly one minute before the close, Jeffries' glove flew across the ring. Siler ran to help him on with it. Sharkey held back until his friends yelled at him not to stop, and it was a three-cornered fight for a few minutes. The referee got Jeffries' glove and tried to draw it out. This was difficult to do, and then Sharkey, who had been, threw up his gloved and ungloved hands and with the former uppercut Sharkey, Siler ran between them and made a second attempt to assist Jeffries. The referee waited a moment, but, wildly excited by the shrieks of the spectators, he rushed again. Siler dragged Jeffries away, and the gong rang. The referee pointed to Jeffries' corner, and his seconds and friends cheered wildly. The majority of those at the ring-side hardly thought that Jeffries would get worse than a draw, for the sailor fought viciously, always after his man, with good judgment, and outpointed the champion. On the other hand, Jeffries, while he had the better, did very little leading in the other twenty-four rounds, and he was either too high or too low, getting in but few good punches.

The decision was not announced from the ring, or it was, few heard it, and a great mob, surged around for several minutes, yelling and shouting for the victor and vanquished.

THE FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

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The bout was a slug-fest, pure and simple, swinging followed swinging on the head. Moran having the advantage of exchanges. Goulette was floored in the second and again in the third round, but came up strong in the fourth and staggered Moran with hard raps on the jaw and kidneys. The fifth round was fairly evenly contested. Siler gave Moran a right on the stomach, and Jeffries with force in the sixth and seventh rounds, and staggered Moran in the eighth round with a right on the jaw. Moran came up strong in the ninth round and put his share in the fight, hugging, too, and both were warned repeatedly.

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JAMES J. JEFFRIES.

the mouth. Jeffries put a right under the heart, and Tom staggered Jim with a solid left on the jaw. Tom forces matters, and hooks a left to the chin. Jeffries clinches. After the break Tom smashes a left to the mouth, then jabs his eye with the left. Another left on the jaw staggered Jeffries, and Tom raises a swing; he pivots and is cautioned. Jeffries hangs the wind with the left. Another clinch. Tom raps the ear with the right, then raps the ribs with the right. More clinching. Bell.

FOURTEENTH ROUND. Fourteenth round—\$100 to \$1000 is offered on Sharkey and is not taken. Tom jumps in and misses a left, Jeffries dancing away. Jeffries jabs the mouth. Tom jumps in and misses a left for the wind. Jeffries puts a left on the stomach. Tom swings a left on the ear. Jeffries clinches and Tom jabs the jaw with the left. Jeffries throws two lefts and a right on the wind. The punches shake Tom considerably, but he shoots two lefts to the head. Jeffries clinches and after breaking he puts a left on the chin. Bell.

FIFTEENTH ROUND. Fifteenth round—After fiddling a few moments, Tom swings a left to the jaw, then puts a left on the stomach. Another left goes to Jeffries' jaw. Jeffries countering on the eye. Tom misses and splits Jeffries' nose with his left. Tom swings to the jaw. Jeffries wabbles, and staggers Sharkey with a right swing on the jaw. Jeffries smashes the mouth and nose with lefts. Tom brings a right to the ear. Jeffries smashes his eye with a left, and just at the bell puts a left on the stomach. The fighting is furious, and the sports are surprised at the standing of both men.

SIXTEENTH ROUND. Sixteenth round—A swap of lefts on the face. Tom swings a left to the jaw with his left. Jeffries puts a left on the jaw. Tom lands a double swing on the head. Jeffries smashes Sharkey's eye with the left. Jeffries ducks two lefts, but the third staggers him. Another left goes to Jeffries' neck, and Jeffries is back with a hard left on the stomach. Tom raps the ear with a left, and then smashes Jeffries on the nose with his left. Jeffries throws a left to the wind, then pokes the ribs with the right. Tom counters on the head with a right. They are half clinched at the end. Bell.

SEVENTEENTH ROUND. Seventeenth round—Jeffries misses two lefts. A series of clinches follows. Tom swings to the jaw, then on the neck with the left. Tom lands a straight left on the mouth. Jeffries reaches the eye with his left, then hammers the stomach with two lefts. Jeffries swings around the head. Tom drives the left to the mouth and misses a right swing. Jeffries getting to the ribs with the right. Tom ducks into a right, but the sailor staggers Jeffries with a left on the jaw. Just at the bell they swap rights on the head.

EIGHTEENTH ROUND. Eighteenth round—Sharkey starts with a swing left to the neck, and Jeffries drives to the wind, a clinch and Jeffries lands twice on the nose, with lefts. Jeffries hooks a right to the ear. Jeffries sends two straight lefts to the head, and Tom swings three times to the ear, jaw and neck. Jeffries never wavers. He smashes Tom on the mouth with a left, and reaches the ribs with the right. Tom scores a right on the head. Jeffries smashes the nose with the left. Tom raps a left to the mouth. Jeffries goes to the stomach with two rights. A clinch. They spar. Bell.

NINETEENTH ROUND. Nineteenth round—Jeffries puts a right under the heart. Tom swings a left back of the ear, then puts a left on the chin. Sharkey is in a crouch, and Jeffries appeals to the referee, claiming the blow was low. Siler says, "Go on."

Jeffries lands on the wind with the left, and Tom soaks the eye with a left. Tom throws a left to the wind and raps the kidneys with the right. Jeffries hooks a right to the ear, and Tom swings two lefts to the jaw. Jeffries puts a left on the stomach and soaks a right to the ear. Jeffries puts Tom's head back with a left. Gong.

TWENTIETH ROUND. Twentieth round—Jeffries' left goes over the shoulder. Tom puts a left on the stomach. Jeffries a right on the ribs. Tom misses with a left. Jeffries smashes the nose with a straight left. Tom misses with a left. Jeffries drives a left to the nose. Jeffries puts a left on the nose. Jeffries puts a right to the ribs. Tom a left on the mouth. Jeffries sends a right on the stomach, and a left on the shoulder. Jeffries ducks a left swing. A swap of light rights on the head, and the gong sounds.

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misses a left swing, Jeffries clinches, and Tom wallops the kidneys with a right. Tom swings a left to the jaw. Jeffries staggers, but comes back with two lefts to the nose, a swap of lefts on the head, a clinch, then Tom smashes the eye with the left. Jeffries answers it with a left on the wind. Tom puts a straight left on the head. Jeffries clinches, and Tom beats on the kidneys with the right. Jeffries sends a straight left to the mouth. More clinches, and Tom ducks into a left. Bell.

TWENTY-SECOND ROUND. Twenty-second round—Jeffries puts a right on the ribs and checks. Tom's right to the jaw swings a hard left to the jaw. Jeffries clinches, and after a break, Tom swings a left on the neck. Jeffries cuts the eye open with a right hook. Jeffries clinches, and Tom raps the ear with the right. Jeffries comes up with two rights under Sharkey's guard. They reach the jaw and Sharkey is dazed. He clinches, Jeffries beats him off, and soaks his stomach with a left. Sharkey swings a left to the ear, and the gong is heard.

TWENTY-THIRD ROUND. Twenty-third round—Jeffries puts a right on the stomach. They clinch. Tom landing two short right hooks on the ear. Tom blocks a left. Another clinch, and Tom raps the kidneys with the right. Jeffries puts a left on the cheek, and Tom ducks into a right. More clinching, then Jeffries raps the eye with the right. Jeffries backs Tom to corner, then sends a left to the eye. Clinching and holding follow. Jeffries misses a left to the stomach. Jeffries swings a left on the jaw, and hooks a right to the ear. The bell rings, and "Tom" hooks a right to the ear. Cries of "Foul" are heard, but are not noticed.

TWENTY-FOURTH ROUND. Twenty-fourth round—Tom sends a right to the stomach. He swings a right to the ear. Jeffries belting the ribs. Clinches are frequent. Tom misses his right, and Jeffries swings a right to the ear. Tom gets in a left on the stomach. Jeffries swings a right to the ear. Sharkey is in with a left on the stomach. Jeffries draws Tom into a duck and smashes him with a right on the jaw and ear. Another right raps Tom's eye. Sharkey misses with the left, and they clinch. Gong.

LAST ROUND. Twenty-fifth round—Both came up strong. They shake hands. Tom dances, then puts a left on the mouth. Jeffries is reaching the ribs with the right. Tom ducks, and Jeffries puts a stiff right under the ear. Another duck by Tom, and Jeffries raps the jaw with the right. Tom puts a left on the mouth. Jeffries belting the stomach with his right. Another left goes to Tom's stomach, and Tom swings a right to the jaw. Jeffries replies with a hard right swing on the jaw, and a clinch follows. Jeffries' glove is torn from his left hand as they wrestle and clinch. Sharkey goes to the floor. He is up immediately. Siler picks up the heart, and starts to replace it on Jeffries' hand. Tom stands looking puzzled. His seconds yell for him to go to Jeffries. The referee starts between them, trying to put on Jeffries' glove. Tom tries to punch him. Jeffries throws his right to the shoulder and all three, Sharkey, Jeffries and referee, are clinched.

The bell ended the battle, and referee declared Jeffries the winner. It was a remarkably fast and furious fight. Sharkey said that he was never so weak as he felt under Jeffries' onslaught. Jeffries wrapped a flag around his neck at the end, and he is congratulated on all sides.

JEFFRIES' CONDITION. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—James J. Jeffries, the champion pugilist of the world, arose at 6 o'clock, took a cold plunge and at 6:30 o'clock, accompanied by Tommy Ryan, started for a walk to Central Park. They entered the park at Fifty-ninth street and walked briskly for about three miles, after which Jeffries returned to his hotel for a hearty breakfast of eggs, chops and coffee. While waiting for his trainers, Jeffries wrote telegrams informing his immediate friends of his condition. He was better than when he met Fitzsimmons, and he weighed five pounds more than he did at that time.

Billy Delaney said today that Jeffries was trained in some particulars in opposition to his (Delaney's) wishes. Delaney objected to Jeffries' continual running and sweating, and said: "He would not have worked as hard as he did," said Delaney, "if I had something to say. In the last ten days he stopped the foolish practice of running and sweating, a system which Corbett advocated. Since stopping, Jeffries has worked to a moderate extent, but the question is whether he has stopped in time to avoid any evil consequences that may follow after the fight. I do not mean that he is not physically fit and will not whip Sharkey, but there is a limit to everything. I have objected to the severe method adopted this time by Jeffries. He is not moderate in his work. He goes ahead and works like a steam engine, and this running and sweating on the road is a killing process."

"An example of this evil effect was seen three weeks ago when Jeffries was weighed in the presence of George Siler, the referee. He touched the scale at 214 pounds, and I was alarmed, for 214 pounds weight, and only three weeks to train is no joke. Today he weighs 210 pounds and is fit."

Delaney, in spite of his objections to the severe method of training adopted by Jeffries, said he sees no possibility of a defeat. Jeffries and his trainers left at 9 o'clock for Coney Island.

Sharkey, who is expected to start this morning, and after taking a ride with Trainer McGrath, returned to his hotel at Newdorp and ate a big breakfast, consisting of about three kinds of fruit, chopped meat, six boiled eggs, lamb chops and rye bread, toasted. Sharkey said he felt in prime condition, and was as confident as ever that he would win.

During the forenoon Sharkey, accompanied by his trainers, Bob Armstrong and Tim McGrath and about a dozen friends, left his training quarters for Coney Island, going by ferry to New York. They were met at the ferry

(CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.)

misses a left swing, Jeffries clinches, and Tom wallops the kidneys with a right. Tom swings a left to the jaw. Jeffries staggers, but comes back with two lefts to the nose, a swap of lefts on the head, a clinch, then Tom smashes the eye with the left. Jeffries answers it with a left on the wind. Tom puts a straight left on the head. Jeffries clinches, and Tom beats on the kidneys with the right. Jeffries sends a straight left to the mouth. More clinches, and Tom ducks into a left. Bell.

TWENTY-SECOND ROUND. Twenty-second round—Jeffries puts a right on the ribs and checks. Tom's right to the jaw swings a hard left to the jaw. Jeffries clinches, and after a break, Tom swings a left on the neck. Jeffries cuts the eye open with a right hook. Jeffries clinches, and Tom raps the ear with the right. Jeffries comes up with two rights under Sharkey's guard. They reach the jaw and Sharkey is dazed. He clinches, Jeffries beats him off, and soaks his stomach with a left. Sharkey swings a left to the ear, and the gong is heard.

TWENTY-THIRD ROUND. Twenty-third round—Jeffries puts a right on the stomach. They clinch. Tom landing two short right hooks on the ear. Tom blocks a left. Another clinch, and Tom raps the kidneys with the right. Jeffries puts a left on the cheek, and Tom ducks into a right. More clinching, then Jeffries raps the eye with the right. Jeffries backs Tom to corner, then sends a left to the eye. Clinching and holding follow. Jeffries misses a left to the stomach. Jeffries swings a left on the jaw, and hooks a right to the ear. The bell rings, and "Tom" hooks a right to the ear. Cries of "Foul" are heard, but are not noticed.

TWENTY-FOURTH ROUND. Twenty-fourth round—Tom sends a right to the stomach. He swings a right to the ear. Jeffries belting the ribs. Clinches are frequent. Tom misses his right, and Jeffries swings a right to the ear. Tom gets in a left on the stomach. Jeffries swings a right to the ear. Sharkey is in with a left on the stomach. Jeffries draws Tom into a duck and smashes him with a right on the jaw and ear. Another right raps Tom's eye. Sharkey misses with the left, and they clinch. Gong.

LAST ROUND. Twenty-fifth round—Both came up strong. They shake hands. Tom dances, then puts a left on the mouth. Jeffries is reaching the ribs with the right. Tom ducks, and Jeffries puts a stiff right under the ear. Another duck by Tom, and Jeffries raps the jaw with the right. Tom puts a left on the mouth. Jeffries belting the stomach with his right. Another left goes to Tom's stomach, and Tom swings a right to the jaw. Jeffries replies with a hard right swing on the jaw, and a clinch follows. Jeffries' glove is torn from his left hand as they wrestle and clinch. Sharkey goes to the floor. He is up immediately. Siler picks up the heart, and starts to replace it on Jeffries' hand. Tom stands looking puzzled. His seconds yell for him to go to Jeffries. The referee starts between them, trying to put on Jeffries' glove. Tom tries to punch him. Jeffries throws his right to the shoulder and all three, Sharkey, Jeffries and referee, are clinched.

The bell ended the battle, and referee declared Jeffries the winner. It was a remarkably fast and furious fight. Sharkey said that he was never so weak as he felt under Jeffries' onslaught. Jeffries wrapped a flag around his neck at the end, and he is congratulated on all sides.

JEFFRIES' CONDITION. (A. P. DAY REPORT.) NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—James J. Jeffries, the champion pugilist of the world, arose at 6 o'clock, took a cold plunge and at 6:30 o'clock, accompanied by Tommy Ryan, started for a walk to Central Park. They entered the park at Fifty-ninth street and walked briskly for about three miles, after which Jeffries returned to his hotel for a hearty breakfast of eggs, chops and coffee. While waiting for his trainers, Jeffries wrote telegrams informing his immediate friends of his condition. He was better than when he met Fitzsimmons, and he weighed five pounds more than he did at that time.

Billy Delaney said today that Jeffries was trained in some particulars in opposition to his (Delaney's) wishes. Delaney objected to Jeffries' continual running and sweating, and said: "He would not have worked as hard as he did," said Delaney, "if I had something to say. In the last ten days he stopped the foolish practice of running and sweating, a system which Corbett advocated. Since stopping, Jeffries has worked to a moderate extent, but the question is whether he has stopped in time to avoid any evil consequences that may follow after the fight. I do not mean that he is not physically fit and will not whip Sharkey, but there is a limit to everything. I have objected to the severe method adopted this time by Jeffries. He is not moderate in his work. He goes ahead and works like a steam engine, and this running and sweating on the road is a killing process."

"An example of this evil effect was seen three weeks ago when Jeffries was weighed in the presence of George Siler, the referee. He touched the scale at 214 pounds, and I was alarmed, for 214 pounds weight, and only three weeks to train is no joke. Today he weighs 210 pounds and is fit."

Delaney, in spite of his objections to the severe method of training adopted by Jeffries, said he sees no possibility of a defeat. Jeffries and his trainers left at 9 o'clock for Coney Island.

Sharkey, who is expected to start this morning, and after taking a ride with Trainer McGrath, returned to his hotel at Newdorp and ate a big breakfast, consisting of about three kinds of fruit, chopped meat, six boiled eggs, lamb chops and rye bread, toasted. Sharkey said he felt in prime condition, and was as confident as ever that he would win.

During the forenoon Sharkey, accompanied by his trainers, Bob Armstrong and Tim McGrath and about a dozen friends, left his training quarters for Coney Island, going by ferry to New York. They were met at the ferry

(CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.)

Reliance

Men's Suits

Hamburger's Style—Leading Clothing.

The man who tells you that Reliance suits are not up-to-date or are not well-made has not seen them or is—mistaken.

Reliance Suits

Come in all cloths and styles—suits, double-breasted and cutaways. Every one is guaranteed all wool, new, with silk, stayed by hand and properly fitted. Suits that no store on the face of this earth can better for the price—and few can equal them.

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THE GREATER PEOPLE'S STORE

Seeds and Poultry Supplies.

We are headquarters for garden, field and flower seeds and bulbs, incubators, brooders, bonas mulls, cover cutters, poultry foods, fumes, and insecticides. In fact everything for the farmer, orchardist and stockman. Correspondence solicited. Catalogues free on application.

German Fruit Co., 329-330 S. Main St.

Ladies, Misses, Children

Why do I Sell This HAT FOR ...\$3.00...

We have good out-door Walking Shoes for you, with welled soles, full round toe. Something neat and serviceable. All styles, all kinds—but poor kinds.

Sole Agents—

Pingree's \$3.00 Composite Shoe ...

Innes-Crippen Shoe Co., 258 S. Broadway, 231 W. Third St.

Because a good Hat merely as such, is easily sold for \$3.00 at a moderate profit, if enough are sold.

I have determined to try the experiment, for I believe I shall sell a great lot of them.

Now this hat hasn't any maker's name pasted in it, if it had I could not make this offer—do you see the point? Your hat generally costs:

Hat\$3.00
Label 1.00
Total\$4.00

Save the \$2 but get the same hat.

SIEGEL,

THE HATTER,
Under Nadeau Hotel.

You don't know your friends until you test them. Same way with whiskies.

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Leading Clothiers.

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World Beaters For Overcoats.

Carter's Dyspepsia Tablets do not act on the bowels, but assist the stomach.

All Druggists.

Old Plantation Whisky

Stands the test.

DOCTORS PRESCRIBE IT.

8-year-old, per qt. bottle.....75c
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Edward Germain Wine Co., 307-309 Los Angeles St., corner Fourth. Phone main 914.

STEARNS BICYCLES

L. B. WINSTON,

WASTED BLOOD

(CONTINUED FROM FOURTH PAGE.)

slip by Tom O'Rourke, who is Sharkey's manager. William Irwin, Jeffries' manager, has made the following statement in reply to the charge made by Trainer Delaney that Jeffries has trained too hard: "So far as trainers' opinions go, they have no bearing on the fight in any way. This statement that Jeffries has been overtrained has been caused, I believe, by a little jealousy at the training quarters between Jeffries' trainers. Jeffries has prepared for this fight in his own way, and I don't think he has made any mistake. Jeffries is intelligent, and knows what is good for himself better than any one else does."

SHARKEY'S RIBS BROKEN.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)
CONEY ISLAND SPORTING CLUB (L. L.) Nov. 3.—When seen in his dressing-room, after the contest, Jeffries said: "Sharkey is the hardest and best man I have ever met, and I hardly expect to meet a better in the future. Within six months I have met and defeated the best two men in the world, and will now take a long rest, probably nine months or a year. Never again will I fight under the same conditions. The heat from the light overhead tended to take away a great deal of my steam, and the glare from the floor weakened my eyes. My left arm, the one that was injured while training, gave out in the fourth round, and I could not think it properly for the rest of the battle, or the result would have been different, for I think that I could have knocked him out."

"Sharkey is a game man, and hard to beat, but I had no thought of any different result at any time during the battle. After my fight, which I think the public will agree that I deserve, I will again be ready to meet any and all who aspire to my title."

Sharkey was inconsolable, and cried like a child when he went to his quarters. He refused to talk, but Tom O'Rourke, his manager, expressed the opinion that the sailor should have received the decision. He said that two of Sharkey's ribs were broken, and that during the last four rounds Tom's left hand was useless, having been broken on Jeffries' head. Although the decision was against him, he said Sharkey would not give up, but would seek another match, and the next time the result would be different.

"But I don't think this fellow will want to tackle Tom again," said O'Rourke. "I'll keep after him, though, until he agrees to another meeting, or make him crawl."

GREATLY PLEASED FITZ.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)
CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Bob Fitzsimmons was greatly pleased at the result of the fight, declaring that his contract to fight the winner brought him once more the chance to fight Jeffries, who wrested the championship from him. "I can't understand, though," said Fitzsimmons, "why Jeffries did not knock him out. It really looks to me as though he should have done so, and I am mighty sorry he did not. I have nothing particularly against Sharkey. If he did help to rob me of the decision in San Francisco, but if Jeffries had knocked him out it would have been a clean-cut affair, with no doubts of any kind about it. As long as I am going to fight Jeffries for the championship, I wish just on that account he had knocked Sharkey out. That would make my title to the championship so much the clearer when I beat Jeffries, as you may be sure I am going to do."

Concerning the decision, Fitzsimmons said: "It is hard for a man not at the ringside and not having a fight with his own eyes to say what a referee should do. But I know Sharkey and I am willing to bet on his decision any time. He knows the game, and if he said Jeffries won, why, Jeffries did win, and by a good margin, too. I have not read all the rounds, but Siler's judgment is good enough for anybody."

From the stage at the theater to-night, Fitzsimmons, after the fight, made a short speech. He declared his intention of fighting the winner, saying that both Sharkey and Jeffries had agreed to give him a match.

"I'll beat Jeffries sure," was his last remark as he dodged behind the curtain.

AMASA PROVED A FALSE ALARM.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—The last day of the racing at Oakland for two weeks, as the sport is to be temporarily transferred to this side of the bay. The event of the afternoon was Amasa's victory, at 60 to 1. The closing price was 40 to 1, but the horse was only lightly played. The other winners were Daniel, Dr. Sheppard, Forte, My Gypsy and Moccorto. Amasa was a false favorite in the last race. He led until the head of the stretch, where he was passed by Moccorto, who won in clever style from Mike Rice.

Owing to the peculiar running, showing marked reversal of form of Amasa and Forte of the Barney Schreiber stable today, that stable and Jockey Ward were suspended pending an investigation.

SUMMARY.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—The weather at Oakland was good and the track good.

Six furlongs, selling: Daniel, 83 (Ranch) 3 to 1, won; Isabelle, 104 (O'Brien) 15 to 1, second; Lomo, 46 (Moccorto) 4 to 1, third; time 1:15 1/2.

Jim Brown, Noma, Silver Tail, Maj. Cook, P. F. Kootenai, Earl Livingston, Fumiah and Elbe also ran. May L. was left.

Seven furlongs: Dr. Sheppard, 114 (Thorpe) 7 to 20, won; Los Medanos, 106 (J. Ward) 25 to 1, second; Holbrook, 100 (J. Woods) 4 to 1, third; time 1:27 1/2.

Ringmaster, Melktrist, Jolly Briton, Sen Sen and Tourist II also ran.

Mile, and a sixteenth, selling: Forte, 106 (J. Ward) 7 to 10, won; Dare II, 114 (J. Jones) 12 to 1, second; Merry Boy, 106 (Henry) 12 to 1, third; time 1:43 1/2.

Orababe, Rainier, Master Leo, Twinkle Twinkle and Don Vallejo also ran.

One mile, selling: My Gypsy, 99 (Ranch) 1 to 1, won; Mike Rice, 109 (J. McCarty) 20 to 1, second; Allenna, 99 (J. Martin) 6 to 1, third; time 1:43 1/2.

Fixford also ran.

Future course, selling, handicap: Amasa, 100 (J. Ward) 30 to 1, won; Alaria, 113 (Ruiz) 12 to 1, second; Whitcomb, 111 (J. Jones) 7 to 1, third; time 1:15 1/2.

Pat Murphy, Sorrow, Prince A., Rio Shannon and Wild Het also ran.

Six furlongs, selling: Moccorto, 100 (Fiegott) 3 to 1, won; Mike Rice, 109 (J. Jones) 12 to 1, second; Don Luis, 102 (J. Ward) 4 to 1, third; time 1:14 1/2.

Amasa, Loma Marie, Katie Gibbons and Strongoli also ran. Bamboula was left.

KRIS KINGLE IN THE SNOW.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)
CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.—A light snow fell during the afternoon, and the Newport track was very slippery. Several horses fell. Kris Kingle, after winning the third race, was bid up by Curley Brown and bought for \$1200. The horse was bought about a year ago by his former owner, Dr. R. L. Bird, for \$35. He won over fifteen races in Bird's colors this season. Results: Six furlongs: Donald Bain won.

Greatland, second. Hurricane third; time 1:16.

Five furlongs, selling: Jarkspur won, Troublaine second, Ice Drop third; time 1:03 1/2.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Kris Kingle won, Molo second, Osric third; time 1:51 1/2.

Seven furlongs, selling: Apple Jack won, K. P. T. second, Nancy Till third; time 1:30.

Five mile, selling: Cl. Cluke won, Scandland second, Flop third; time 1:47.

FOOTBALL PLAYER PARALYZED.

GAME AT BERKELEY.
(A. P. DAY REPORT.)
BERKELEY, Nov. 3.—A serious accident attended the football game between the senior and junior mining teams on the campus this morning. Jesse Norris Hicks, a member of the former squad, made a tackle which paralyzed his whole body below the neck. The injured man was immediately taken to Harmon gymnasium, where medical attention was given him. Hicks did not lose consciousness, and conversed freely.

LAKESIDE FINISHES.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—The track was heavy and it was raining. Results: Five furlongs: Antoinetta won, Fairlee second, Larcoma third; time 1:07 1/2.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Falcade won, Ramlet second, Hold Up third; time 1:56 1/2.

Seven furlongs: Brownie Anderson won, Red Cross II second, Florinelli II third; time 1:34.

Seven furlongs, selling: Terrance won, Maurice W. second, Walkenshaw third; time 1:34 1/2.

One mile: Man of Honor won, Maud Wallace second, Deering third; time 1:47 1/2.

Five furlongs: Little Jack Horner won, Easter Card second, Eva Wilson third; time 1:06 1/2.

AQUEDUCT RESULTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—It was cold and stormy at Aqueduct today; Midwood, equal favorite with Armor, was the only one to win.

Five furlongs, selling: Incandescent won, Sir Christopher second, Tyra third; time 1:01 4/5.

Six furlongs, selling: Mildow won, First Whip second, Armor third; time 1:16 2/5.

One mile and a sixteenth: Rare penne won, Myth second, Weller third; time 1:49 1/4.

Mile and an eighth: Wait Not won, Warrenton second, Our Nellie third; time 1:57.

Mile and seventy yards: Cherry Head won, Lavaga second, Come to third; time 1:51.

Five and one-half furlongs: Manville won, Miss Hanover second, Fleuron third; time 1:09.

TERRITORIAL MATTERS.

LIQUID AIR COMPANY LAUNCHED IN YUMA COUNTY.

Its Capital Ten Millions and its Purposes Manifest, but Yuma's Climate not to Be Refrigerated. Politician Crawford Accidentally Shot at Silver City.

YUMA (Ariz.) Oct. 30.—(Regular Correspondence.) Stephen W. Dorsey and John P. Jones have filed with the Recorder of Yuma county articles of incorporation of the Tripler Liquid Air Company, the directors being, in addition to themselves, Charles E. Tripler, Robert K. Waller, Frank J. Cannon, Henry A. Kirkham and James Simmons. The capitalization is \$10,000,000, in \$10 shares. The principal office is at Yuma, with a chief branch office in New York, and offices at such points as the board of directors may establish. The company, according to the articles of incorporation, is to engage in the business of acquiring all patents and processes for the manufacture and utilization of liquid air for purposes of refrigeration, power, navigation, medical application, the manufacture of steel and all other mechanical or scientific purposes; to own and operate manufacturing for the production of liquid air, and to own and operate ships and boats, to which liquid air may be applied as power; locomotives, stationary engines, elevators and plants of all kinds, to which power produced by liquid air can be applied, and to generally deal in property, machinery, patent rights and franchises. There are two reasons why the corporation chose Yuma for its ostensible headquarters: One is that ex-Senator Dorsey is often here, having mining interests in the vicinity; the second is that by the incorporation laws of Arizona, the private property of stockholders may be exempted from all liability for corporate debts. It is not believed the corporation has any intentions toward refrigerating Yuma's summer climate.

Last week strong hopes were raised that Yuma was to become a manufacturing center. To the rare possibilities of solar engines was to be added power through the combustion of natural gas, seacoast Devine of the Sun and Councilman Willis found some substantial leaks on the Colorado's banks, whence came a gas that not only smelled of high heaven, but burned as well. The only trouble is that no one else has been able to do as well. The gas has been detected by many, through the odor thereof, but it obstinately refuses to burn. The smell is first-class of its kind, but seems to have no commercial value.

Promoter Alfonso B. Smith of the San Jorge Bay Railroad, states that a Mexican inspector with an engineer's map is now examining the line of the railroad just surveyed southward from Yuma, and that construction will commence soon after official approval of the route.

C. E. Eichelberger, discoverer of the King of Arizona mine, and John Rivers have discovered and located, near Tyson's well, a great ledge of copper ore forty feet in width. The ore runs high in copper with an average percentage of gold. The ledge is thirty-five miles east of the Colorado river, not far from the old Ehrenburg road. The only water in the vicinity is in a few deep wells.

Cornelius P. Cronin, last year Recorder of Yuma county, and later a sergeant of Rough Riders, is back again in Arizona, though his was deemed certain a few months ago from consumption. In Boston it was found, even after the last rites for the dying had been performed, that his ailment was wholly nervous in character. With changed treatment, he soon recovered, and is now strong. In the

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Curative
Lotion for
Sunburn,
Chafing,
Mosquito Bites,
Prickly Heat,
Inflammation and
All Pain Is
Pond's Extract

POND'S EXTRACT CO.
75 Fifth Ave., New York
Pond's Extract Ointment cures Piles.
Price 50c. per Jar. Trial size, 25c.
All Druggists.

East he met his betrothed, Miss Lillian E. Rose, and they were married when he lay on what was believed to be his death bed. Mr. Cronin has entered the employ of the Fortuna Mining Company, while Mrs. Cronin will take charge of the Fortuna school.

Prof. John Spear, lately in charge of one of the Sioux schools in Nebraska, has come to Yuma, with his wife, assigned to the superintendency of the Indian school on the old military reservation across the river.

Last Monday, by Probate Judge Frank James H. Sharp and Della A. Golden of Los Angeles were united in matrimony.

H. F. Anthony and wife have gone to Los Angeles, there to spend the winter. A. W. Morris has returned from Los Angeles, where he has been in hospital for several months, suffering from injuries to arm and leg.

GRAHAM COUNTY NEWS.

POLITICIAN SHOT.
(Regular Correspondence.) From Silver City comes word that Ben Crawford was dangerously, perhaps mortally, wounded in that city a few days ago. He was passing the front of a store where a tenderfoot was investigating the mechanism of a Winchester shotgun. While the man was fooling with the ejector, the hammer fell upon a cartridge loaded with buckshot. The charge struck Crawford in the side, a few shots passing across the street, through a plate-glass window, narrowly missing a bartender in a saloon beyond. Crawford is one of the best-known men in the Southwest and for years was recognized as a leading Democratic politician. During the Cleveland administration he was deputy collector of internal revenue for Arizona. He has for the greater part of the time been a resident of this county, owning his home near Clifton, for which he was soon to receive \$45,000.

Delegate to Congress J. F. Wilson has returned from an inspection of the two great damsites on the Upper Salt and Gila rivers. The damsite on Salt River, near Tonto Creek, he pronounces as nearly perfect. Nature has here made it a dam 150 feet in height and only 200 feet long at the base being all that will be necessary to impound nearly a quarter of a million acre-feet of water. He also highly approves of the site for a storage dam, found by Engineers Davis and Lippincott seven miles below San Carlos on the Gila. The capacity of this latter dam would be about the same as that upon Salt River. The dam is to be 130 feet high, 90 feet long on the water level and 615 feet long at the top. This damsite has been found far superior to that so long projected at The Buttes, twelve miles above Florence. Near San Carlos bedrock has been found at a maximum depth of forty feet, fully thirty feet less than at The Buttes.

The Supervisor of Graham county have incurred trouble for themselves by charging and collecting mileage and per diem from the Solomonville and Thatcher school districts for attendance on Supervisory meetings held for the special purpose of issuing school bonds for the districts named. The districts paid the charges, but are now coming back upon the county board for the \$20 contributed by each to supervisory pockets.

Owing to defects in furnace the smelter of the United Globe Mines Company at Globe has been shut down till a new 200-ton furnace, lately ordered, has been installed. About forty men have been laid off in consequence. The lower levels of the company's Hoosier mine are flooded and for the time being an immense Worthington pump has been ordered.

A north-bound freight train on the Arizona and New Mexico Railway last Thursday ran into a large rock that had fallen from the side of a cut. The engine and three cars were derailed. Engineer Freeman and Fireman Carter, both men were thrown to the ground, and the latter was badly injured, his scalp and face being cut. The engineer suffered painful bruises.

On the headwaters of the Gila, mountain lions have been so troublesome that range owners have offered a bounty of \$2 a head, to be added to the regular Territorial bounty. The lions are especially fond of colt meat and have practically prohibited horse raising in the locality named.

Pensions for Californians.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Pensions were granted to Californians today as follows: Original, Edward A. Bedell, Veterans' Home, Napa, \$6; Theodore F. Hood, Ventura, \$6; Charles G. Kellogg, Los Angeles, \$6; Henry S. Devine, San José, \$8; Increase, George P. Cornell, Veterans' Home, Napa, \$6 to \$12; Jacob J. Yacko, Riverside, \$8 to \$14; Dennis Kennedy, Verdugo, \$6 to \$8; John Sloan, Los Angeles, \$8 to \$10; Charles W. Jewett, Garberville, \$8 to \$10; Original, widows, etc., Eliza A. Buxton, Ione, \$8; Annie Wacker, San Francisco, \$8.

Murderer Commits Suicide.

EVANSVILLE (Ind.) Nov. 3.—William Taylor, who on Tuesday last murdered his wife and nineteen-year-old daughter, committed suicide today by taking poison. Previously he had filled his mouth with cyanide and touched it off with a lighted match, but only succeeded in fearfully burning his features.



Tremendous Sale Children's Dresses.

We've cut the price of every garment. Every mother ought to read this. Every one who does is bound to be here. The dresses are as carefully made and as finely finished as if your dress-maker had done it. The goods are what you'd choose if you were buying by the yard. The styles are the creations of skilled and expensive man designers.

We know all about every dress, we picked out the cloth, we know where they were made, how they are made. The transaction was closed long before cotton prices began jumping. These prices we've marked them today are actually less than what you'd pay for the goods alone.

- 13c For 30c Flannel Dresses. Light pinks and blues, small and large checks, with emby fronts, trimmed ruffles and reverses, ages 1 to 4.
- 1.49 For \$2.25 dresses of novelty cuttings of fancy mixed with lace, plain checks, beautifully trimmed with lace—ages 1 to 12.
- 2.89 For \$3.75 dresses of all wool cashmere, red, blue, green or brown, blouse or pocket front effect, cuffs, revers, collar and front trimmed with white braided—ages 8 to 14.
- 13c For 25c Gingham Aprons. Boys or girls, trimmed with lace, ruffles and collar.
- 45c For 60c dresses—plain pinks and blue daisy shaded, double pointed revers, covering the short and fancy braided with lace trimmings down front and on collars and cuffs.
- 75c For \$1.25 dresses of handsome plain revers and yokes of pattern cashmere—braided trimmed—ages 6 to 11.
- 99c For \$1.50 dresses of 7 lines of July cloth of cashmere and plaid suitings, fancy braided, trimmed and touched off with ruffles and revers—ages 1 to 4.
- 81c For Children's 20c Flannel Petticoats. With a separate yoke, made of heavy nappy 10c outing flannel.
- 11c For 25c Flannel Dresses. Round yoke with ruffle trimming, collar and cuffs to match, with same braid, ages 1 to 4.
- 37c For 60c dresses, fancy plaids with scalloped revers, yokes elaborately braided, with collars and cuffs to match—trimmed throughout.
- 44c For 60c dresses, of best quality outing flannel, light or dark plaids, ruffled over shoulder, running to point in back, beautifully braided on yokes, collars and cuffs, lined throughout, ages 6 to 11.
- 1.19 For \$1.75 dresses of fancy mixes of blue, brown and red, plain cashmere, trimmings, pleated skirt, lined, ages 1 to 4.
- 1.99 For \$3 dresses of all triot in shades of blue and red, collars of pleated white flannel, yokes, cuffs and skirt trimmed with white flannel.
- 2.29 For \$3.36 dresses of all wool flannel, red or cadet blue, pointed revers, collar and cuffs, trimmed with silk braid, lined, ages 1 to 4.

Saturday's Rousing Special Bargains

4 hours only, Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.

- Silkoline**
In bright and attractive patterns. Full range of colors, 4c to 8c to 12c.
- Linen Towels**
In buckaback and checks—bordered—a special four-hour sale Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Men's Underwear**
Egyptian combed cotton shirt or drawers, derby ribbed, a value we sell usually for 40c—our price 30c to 40c. Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Men's Underwear**
All wool natural gray sanitary shirts or drawers, former have double front and back, ribbed, cuffs and ankles; a 50c garment, 4 hours only Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Men's Suits**
Choice of two lines' revers or double breasted styles, the former are elaborately trimmed with outstache braid and buckles, the latter are of kersey twilled lining and large lapel collar, ages 9 to 15, our \$25.48 suits we will sell Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Men's Pants**
Of all wool tweeds with overlapped seams, a seamless waistband, riveted buttons and heavy drill pockets, they will not rip their cuffs; the patterns are the most desirable you can find. Our \$1.48 pants will go 4 hours Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Men's Suits**
Of domestic tweeds in that favorite iron gray shade with double front and back, ribbed, cuffs and ankles; a 50c garment, 4 hours only Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Bleached Crash**
Linen finish 16 in. wide and bordered—our 24c quality 4 hours only Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Novelty Suitings**
A four-hour excitement that will play havoc with the dress goods trade Saturday morning. The finest Scotch tweeds and mixes it's possible to find—so much wanted now for ladies' full suits and girls' school dresses—our 25c stuffs to be sold Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Fcy Skirtings, less than 1/2**
Almost twenty-five pair pieces of silk finishing, skirtings in the favorite Roman stripes—all colors—10c and 12c goods for 4 hours only Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- David's Ink**
Full pint bottles of the genuine David's Ink black with 10c to 12c.
- Infants' Shoes**
Of kid, in button with kid tips and stitched tops, sizes 2 to 8, 8 to 12 only, pair.
- Misses' Kid Shoes**
Button, patent leather tips and 12 to 2, Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Misses' Kid Shoes**
Button, spring heel, sizes 2 to 8, 8 to 12 only, pair.
- Canton Flannel**
Cream color, our heavy 10c quality, 4 hours Saturday a.m., 8 to 12 only.
- Toilet Soap at 1/2**
And it's the well known Pei & Co.'s perfumed and milled complexion soap, worth 4c, on sale Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Chamois Skins**
Nice, soft, generous ones 18 inches long, 3 1/2 inches wide, each for 17c, only 8 to 12 o'clock, each.
- Box Stationery**
Full sized and full count paper and 12 to 2, Saturday a.m., 8 to 12.
- Boys' Sweaters**
With roll collar, shaped shoulders, sizes 12 to 16, each for 25c, 4 hours Saturday a.m., 8 to 12 o'clock for.

Dr. F. L. Talcott,

The Leading Specialists, Treating

Diseases of Men Only



I take personal interest in each case, and if long experience in our line of practice is a factor, I can certainly succeed. Having devoted my entire attention to absolutely nothing else for the thirteen years that I have been in Los Angeles, I am prepared to

Guarantee to Cure this class of cases or Make no Charge.
We mean this statement emphatically, and it is for everybody.

Our offices are the most private in the city, and contain every modern appliance and instrument known for the cure of these disorders. We have the largest practice on the Pacific Coast, treating every form of weakness and private diseases of men and absolutely nothing else.

Corner Third and Main Streets,
Over Wells-Fargo.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY
FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

Oldest Paper in America
Saturday Evening Post.
All News-dealers Five Cents Copy.

The latest and best in
Jewelry
AT POPULAR PRICES
F. M. Reiche, 235 SOUTH SPRING.

California Souvenirs in Shells, Shells and Wood Novelties. Send for illustrated catalogue and price list.
WINKLER'S CURIOS, 348 S. Broadway.

Edward M. Boggs
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEER
832 S. Main Street, Los Angeles.



NO CROWN BECOMES A WOMAN
better than a crown of glorious hair. To attain beautiful hair is neither difficult or expensive. A fair trial of our preparations convinces.

Mrs. N. E. Copeland, Oakland, Kansas, writes:

"I have used the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner for about two months and find that my hair has ceased falling out and is bright and healthy in appearance. Any inquiries will be cheerfully answered."

What this wonderful remedy has done for her it will do for anyone.

Sold by dealers everywhere.



25c + CAPOLON
GUETT PEABODY & CO. MAKERS

The Featherweight Truss
Has no steel springs to rust out, no leather straps to rot out, no elastic webbing to die out. For comfort and security, use one and you will forget that you are ruptured.

Arthur S. Hill,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND TRUSSES,
219 South Spring St.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES.
Blue Steel Razors, \$2.50 and \$3.50; Barbers' Coats, Waiters' and Butchers' Coats, Aprons, Caps and Pants at lowest prices. J. J. JAZZAR, 220-232 S. Main St.

Columbia
Chatterboxes, \$75
Hartford, \$25
Victrolas, \$25 and \$30
SPECIAL SALE, 1899 CHAINLESS, 804 S. Broadway, L. A.

ONE BOTTLE CURES
McBURNIE'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE
For Bright's disease, uric acid, deposit, bed-wetting, gravel, dropsy, diabetes and rheumatism. Send 2 cents in 26 stamps to W. B. McBurnie, 418 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., for 3 days' free trial. Prepaid \$1.50. Druggists.

This Kodaker
Is on his way to our office to have a roll of film developed for you or finished up complete for the mounted or unmounted. Give us a trial. Mail order solicited.
Simmons & Cromwell, PHOTOGRAPHERS, 123 1/2 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Seven Different Styles of Pony Vehicles
now on exhibition. HAWLEY, KING & CO., Carriage and Bicycle dealers, corner Broadway and Fifth St., Los Angeles.

Yell, Yell, Yell for Yale, Yale, Yale.
The \$50 Bicycle for \$33. Everybody rides them, why not you?
Agents in every town.

Avery Cyclery,
410 S. Broadway.

OIL HEATERS...
AND
House Furnishings.
223-234 S. Spring St.



If the Doctor did Your Cooking

There would never be an ounce of lard used in your kitchen. Cottolene would take its place. As a result your food and your health would both be improved. Why not become your own doctor, and use

Cottolene

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-mark—"Cottolene" and star's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Montreal.

Elegant Tailor-made Suits...

I make them for 25 per cent less than other tailors, and use the strongest, thread and excellent fitting. My suits start the wear and tear of a business life.

You are given a per cent off for every year of age. I have 1121 Market St., San Francisco, feet 11 and the assure 31-23 Montgomery Ave. of your money. St. San Francisco, all wool suits, \$15.50. Oakland, all wool pants, \$15.50. South Spring St., elegant overcoat, \$20. Los Angeles.

THE TAILOR

Yell, Yell, Yell for Yale, Yale, Yale.

The \$50 Bicycle for \$33.

Everybody rides them, why not you?

Agents in every town.

Avery Cyclery,

410 S. Broadway.

OIL HEATERS...

AND

House Furnishings.

223-234 S. Spring St.

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Nov. 3.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Office.) At 5 o'clock a.m. the thermometer registered 29.8; at 5 p.m., 29.9. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 6 deg. and 70 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 51 per cent.; 5 p.m., 49 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north, velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 54 deg.; minimum temperature, 50 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

WRY BUILD TEMPERATURE.

San Francisco, Nov. 3.—At 5 a.m., 20 deg.; at 5 p.m., 20 deg. Portland, Nov. 3.—At 5 a.m., 20 deg.; at 5 p.m., 20 deg.

Weather Conditions.—The pressure has fallen throughout the country west of the Missouri River and there appears to be a storm approaching the Oregon coast, where showers have fallen. Cloudy weather prevails from Puget Sound to Central California, south of which it is clear. The temperature has risen west of the Rocky Mountains. It is cooler east of the range, except at Denver and Omaha, but freezing weather prevails at all stations between the mountains and the Missouri River.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Increasing cloudiness tonight and threatening Saturday, probably without rain, slightly cooler; south to west winds.

San Francisco, Nov. 3, 5 p.m.—The following are the rainfall totals for the past four hours, and seasonal rainfall to date, as compared with those of the same date last season:

Stations—	Past twenty-four hours.	Last season.
Eureka	1.16	7.11
Red Bluff	Traces	2.04
Sacramento	4.44	1.30
San Francisco	3.92	1.32
Fresno	2.08	1.15
Independence	.37	.21
San Luis Obispo	4.92	.59
Los Angeles	1.37	.18
San Diego	.42	.07
Yuma	.08	.23

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 60 deg.; minimum, 49 deg.; mean, 55 deg. The pressure has fallen slowly along the Pacific coast, and the edge of a storm has made its appearance off the Washington coast. At Eureka a rainfall of 1.16 inches is reported during the past ten hours. Rain has fallen on the northern end of the Sacramento Valley to Seattle. The temperature has remained nearly stationary west of the Rocky Mountains.

Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending at midnight, November 4:
Northern California: Rain Saturday; fresh southeasterly winds.
Southern California: Cloudy Saturday; with showers in the mountains; fresh southeasterly winds.
Arizona: Cloudy Saturday.
San Francisco and vicinity: Fair Saturday; fresh southeasterly winds.
For Sacramento: Rain Saturday; fresh southeasterly winds.

The Times' Weather Record.—Observations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily:
November 3.—1 p.m. Midnight.
Barometer 29.8 29.9
Thermometer 54 50
Humidity 51 49
Weather Clear Clear
Maximum temperature past 24 hours 54
Minimum temperature past 24 hours 50
Tide Table.—For San Pedro:
Saturday, Nov. 4..... High. Low.
9:07 a.m. 9:23 a.m.
10:28 p.m. 3:35 p.m.
Sunday, "..... 9:45 a.m. 3:06 a.m.
11:18 p.m. 4:49 p.m.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The Coronado Golf Club has engaged a celebrated eastern instructor. A golf instructor is nowadays as necessary a feature of a pleasure resort as a barber or a chiropractor.

In consequence of a liberal proposition made to the City Trustees of Azusa by Messrs. Slauson & McNeil, Azusa now owns its water system, having acquired the water and the plant at a lower price than it was supposed would be asked.

The associated cycle clubs are making a big effort to build a cycle path to Santa Monica. A short time ago there was much talk in the press about an elaborate and expensive cycle path that was to be built between Los Angeles and Pasadena, but of late nothing has been heard about it. It may be suggested that one cycle path on the ground is worth several in the newspapers.

The Board of Supervisors of San Bernardino county is so well pleased with the result of using oil on roads that a complimentary resolution has been adopted by the board for the benefit of the county, which will permit process for oiling roads. If this plan works so well it should be generally adopted, as the dust on the public roads is one of the very few drawbacks to our climate during the summer months.

A few years ago the raisin-growers of California were in the dumps, and some of them gave up in despair. Then a majority of the growers wisely decided to cooperate, and the result has been a remarkable change. It is announced that the manager of one vineyard in the Cajon Valley of San Diego county has received \$3500 for a carload of raisins produced on thirty-five acres. The raisins were paid for at the rate of 7 cents a pound for all classes.

Santa Ana is one of the few outside places in Southern California that has an active and wide-awake Chamber of Commerce. At present that body is investigating, among other things, the prospects for starting a condensed-milk factory, and an ice factory. The good that may be accomplished by an enterprising Chamber of Commerce or Board of Trade which does not confine its activity to cut-and-dried meetings for the passage of resolutions, has been amply shown in Los Angeles.

A San Diego paper announces that a contract has been signed between Capt. Meyer, on part of the United States government, and a firm of contractors, for the construction of an additional thousand feet of the jetty at the entrance to the harbor, and that the contractors expect to begin the work about December 1. Now, won't the San Diego papers be good and let Los Angeles complete its big breakwater in peace, without making faces? Or do they want all the ples for themselves?

Many Drowned at Antwerp.
ANTWERP, Nov. 3.—The landing stage of the Waesland Railroad ferry-boat, on the left bank of the Scheldt, broke in two this morning on the arrival of the first train, which was crowded. Many persons fell into the water and fifteen or twenty of the number were drowned. Ten of the bodies have already been recovered.

Powder Mills Blown Up.
CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A telephone message was received here this afternoon from Hobart, Ind., saying that the Aetna powder mills had been blown up. Two men were reported killed.

WHY DO YOU SUFFER.
From itching scalp, eczema, dandruff or any skin eruption, when Smith's Dandruff Pomade will cure you? Try it. Price 5c. at all druggists. Sample free. Address Smith Bros, Fresno, Cal.

PROSPERITY'S REIGN.

LIVELY ACTIVITY IN THE PURCHASE OF RAILWAY SUPPLIES.

The South is booming With Business and Blossoming Out With New Enterprises of All Sorts — New England Expanding in the Variety of Its Industries.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Railroad companies are not very apt to make the mistake of contracting for goods for future delivery at an advance in price if there is any danger of hard times in sight. The men at the head of railroads are usually far-seeing gentlemen, who make comparatively few great business mistakes. It is therefore, a good indication of continued prosperity when these men make contracts for steel rails for their roads to be delivered anywhere from six months to two years hence. The latest batch of contracts for steel rails, made public here this week, call for no less than 1,500,000 tons of seventy-pound rails of the seventy-pound pattern to be delivered within two years from date. This means that the companies receiving the contracts for these rails must, even if they receive no additional orders, which is quite improbable, keep their furnaces working at full blast for a period of two years, and for the same length of time their employees are sure of work at a good scale of wages.

The most remarkable thing about these contracts is that they are made at the very highest price of the year for steel rails, per ton. If a period of hard times were due, some pessimists claim, it is hardly probable that railroad men would order steel rails at all, let alone ordering them at an advance in price. But business men confidently predict that so great will be the demand for steel, both from consumers in this country and abroad, that within the next few weeks the price of rails will rise to \$35 a ton, and therefore the railroad men consider that they have made a good bargain in getting them on contract at \$23 a ton. The payment for these contracts will call for a sum approximating \$50,000,000, which gives a little insight of the confidence railroad men have in the continued prosperity of this country. This confidence for rails is the largest ever made in this or any other country.

There is another railroad indication that prosperity is here to stay. Some time ago the New York Central Railroad found itself in need of more cars. It has cars enough to conduct its present business comfortably, but the president of the road said that in the course of a few months his system would be crippled for want of facilities to handle the increasing business. The road had not in its treasury sufficient money to enter into a contract of the size of this one, so William K. Vanderbilt advanced out of his private funds some \$300,000, which was placed in the treasury of the company, and the cars were ordered. A week ago the stockholders of the road voted additional capital stock of many millions, and with the receipts from this issue Mr. Vanderbilt will be repaid. Now the president of the road announces that he will spend no less than \$12,000,000 for new cars. The contracts for these cars will call for their delivery, beginning at once and continuing through to the year 1904. This certainly indicates either that the New York Central is confident of continued prosperity, or else that that great railroad is conducted by a lot of silly men.

The foregoing statements relate only to northern railroads. The men, although one southern road had a hand in the great rail contract. But throughout the South the people seem to have the most perfect confidence in continued prosperity, which shows that they are paying very little attention to the possibility of Bryan getting into the White House in 1900. At Ironton, Ala., a new iron mill has been started, and it has contracts for 50,000 tons of iron, to be delivered in the next twelve months. The mill will keep the furnaces busy for a year, even if no new contracts are made. Most of this iron is for use in southern manufactures. The same company, having confidence in the future, is building another furnace at Gadsden, Ala., and this will be in blast about the first of the year. It is calculated that before the fires are started there will be contracts in the office to keep the furnaces busy for a year at least.

At Huntsville, Ala., the cotton mill company is about to begin spending \$100,000 for an addition to the property. Half of this will be for new machinery and half for additional floor space. At Pickens, S. C., a new company has been formed with a capital of \$300,000 to build a cotton mill, at Chattanooga a cotton mill with 10,000 spindles will be in operation before the first of the year. The Huntsville Board of Trade has raised \$100,000 for a new cotton mill, and \$50,000 for a new mill. At McComb, Miss., an addition to the cotton mills will be built, and the addition alone will contain 6000 spindles.

The Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore, has been hunting up new industries being started in the South, and has found the following list:
A \$5000 bottling works in Alabama.
\$20,000 woodworking company and \$12,000 milling company in Arkansas.
\$16,000 municipal electric light plant.
\$50,000 fruit protection company.
\$50,000 saw mill and several large phosphate plants in Florida.
Twenty-barrel flour mill, \$20,000 medicine factory, \$10,000 distillery company, and New York parties to enlarge and put in blast a furnace in Kentucky.
\$60,000 lumber company in Louisiana.
\$50,000 safe works and \$20,000 foundry company in Maryland.
\$7000 electric light plant.
\$20,000 cotton gin company.
\$25,000 turpentine company and 6000-spindle mill in Mississippi.
\$25,000 tannin acid company.
\$25,000 knitting mill.
\$25,000 slate quarrying company.
\$50,000 flour mill in North Carolina.
\$10,000 lumber company and \$75,000 lumber company in South Carolina.
150-ton furnace in blast, seventy-five-barrel flour mill, \$50,000 compress and storage company, knitting mill, \$10,000 cement and tiling company.
\$50,000 soft-pipe works, fifty-barrel flour mill and forty-barrel flour mill in Tennessee.
\$100,000 oil company.
\$50,000 electric light and water plant.
\$27,000 cotton oil company.
\$200,000 gas company and \$10,000 iron works in West Virginia.

So it will be seen that in the South, which a few years ago was devastated by war, the hum of the factory is becoming more familiar, and the people, instead of worrying whether expansion is a good thing and whether prosperity has come to stay, are hustling around building factories and otherwise employing the money they have accumulated. Only a few years ago it was thought in New England that the South was going into the cotton manufacturing business, to the detriment of that business in New England. The answer always was that the South had not the money with which to embark in such a great business. But the South is in that business today, on its own capital at that, and one cotton factory is owned and operated by colored people. Meanwhile New England, instead of mourning the loss of a part of the cotton manufacturing business, has gone into other lines, and is rejoicing that the South is prosperous.

Good Teas, Coffees, Spices.
Great American Importing Tea Co.
120 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES.
211 E. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES.
402 W. SECOND ST., POMONA.
18 E. STATE, REDLANDS.
27 THIRD ST., SANTA MONICA.
43 N. FAIR OAKS AVE., PASADENA.
227 THIRD ST., SANTA BARBARA.
121 STATE ST., SANTA BARBARA.
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WHEN KNIGHTHOOD WAS IN FLOWER PARKER'S.

246 South Broadway.
(Near Public Library).
Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

Delany's Crystal Lenses for \$1 a pair.
Are the best you can buy at any price—you use them once, you always use them.
J. P. Delany, 200 Expert Optician.

No Other Like It
There may be others pretty nearly as good, but there is nothing quite as good as a dish of MAIZELINE for breakfast. It will give your children the health and strength they need for their school work.

We Fit Children's Feet.
If your feet were ruined in childhood you will know from experience how important it is to fit your children's feet correctly. We have shoes in all sizes and widths for long, slim, or short chubby feet. We have low fastenings and high topstays, and it costs no more to buy a child's shoe of us than it does to buy where no attention is paid to these little details.

C. M. Staub Shoe Co.,
235 S. BROADWAY.

The Best of all the Native Wines is the "Peerless."
Our own production. War-anted pure, old and wholesome. Try it and you will be a customer.

Port, Sherry, Angelica, Muscat.
75c Gal

So, California Wine Co.,
230 W. FOURTH ST.
Tel. M. 322.

Good Teas, Coffees, Spices.
Great American Importing Tea Co.
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227 THIRD ST., SANTA BARBARA.
121 STATE ST., SANTA BARBARA.
21 E. FOURTH ST., SANTA ANA.

Another Tumble In Tumblers.
Notwithstanding the recently formed glass trust and consequent big advance in prices, we will sell Today as a Special

Plain Blown Tumblers, set of six. 15c
Engraved Blown Tumblers, set of six. 20c
China Set—complete for 12 people, beautifully decorated; cut from \$22.00 to \$15.00
Extra Heavy Plated Teaspoons, Today. 65c
Extra Heavy Plated Soup Spoons, Today. \$1.25
Extra Heavy Plated Forks, Today. \$1.25
Triple Plated Knives, Today. \$1.50

H.F. VOLLMER & CO.
116 South Spring Street.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 S. Broadway, Opposite City Hall, Los Angeles.

Almost daily we are adding to the colorings and designs in our display of rugs and art squares, fashion and hygiene do not often agree so completely as on the rug question, and their economy is a further incentive to their use.

take elevator to second floor.

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30x60 double-sided jute in fine colorings, each, 1.00.
27x34 persian velvet rugs, special, 1.25.
27x34 heavy moquet rugs in pleasing combinations, 2.00.
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6x9 double-sided jute, well covered centers and oriental borders, soft colorings, 8.00.
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9x12 imperial double-sided jute, well covered centers in light and dark colorings, 14.00.

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18x36 imported jute, in oriental designs, 50c.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE
Agents Butterick Patterns.

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Wine of Purity.
One fact must be evident to every person who has ever tried our wines—their purity. We are most careful that no wine or liquor leaves our establishment that will not stand the severest test. You have so much more faith in the wines you use when you get them from a store that sells nothing but pure wine. Test our wine for yourself, and prove the truth of what we say.
Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.
208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

We are Headquarters and Sole Agents for the
Wilson's Air-tight Heaters.
Acknowledged the best constructed, perfectly-working and most economical stove on the market. Be sure you see it before buying.
JAMES W. HELLMAN, 157 to 161 North Spring Street.

Reliable Goods. Popular Prices.
N. B. BLACKSTONE CO.
Telephone Main 259. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts.

Neckwear Novelties.
This season's collection of novelties in the way of fancy neckwear has seldom been equaled. The assortments are large, the ideas are new and varied enough to satisfy most any taste. New styles in fancy silk or chiffon stocks and jabots.

Fancy Silk Imperials in stripes and plaids, ranging in price from 50c to \$1.50 each.
Fancy colored satin stocks at 35c each.
Velvet Stocks in colors, black and white at 25c to 50c each.
Liberty Stocks, Bows and Fichus at 75c and up.
Handsomely embroidered Net Ties in a variety of styles and designs at 50c and up.
Fancy Silk Fronts for tailored gowns.
Liberty Silk and Ostrich Boas and Collarettes in great varieties.

Another Tumble In Tumblers.
Notwithstanding the recently formed glass trust and consequent big advance in prices, we will sell Today as a Special

Plain Blown Tumblers, set of six. 15c
Engraved Blown Tumblers, set of six. 20c
China Set—complete for 12 people, beautifully decorated; cut from \$22.00 to \$15.00
Extra Heavy Plated Teaspoons, Today. 65c
Extra Heavy Plated Soup Spoons, Today. \$1.25
Extra Heavy Plated Forks, Today. \$1.25
Triple Plated Knives, Today. \$1.50

H.F. VOLLMER & CO.
116 South Spring Street.

McCall's Patterns 10c and 15c.
Coulter Dry Goods Co.
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

"The Song of the Shirt."
"Stitch, Stitch, Stitch." Every woman who has ever made a shirt can tell you just exactly how good and how cheap these are. We doubt if there is a place in town where a man can get such a variety of shirts to select from as he can find here. We are quite positive that he will not find such values elsewhere. There are good business reasons why we should be able to retail shirts for less money than other stores, and we should be failing in our duty as merchants did we not give you the advantage of our position.

Fancy Shirts, new patterns in the best Garner percales, the famous "Silver" brand, cuffs to match each shirt; 25 or more distinct and beautiful styles to select from. The price is \$1.00.
Fancy Shirts of imported French percales and madras; one and two pairs of cuffs go with every shirt; the styles are distinctly high class and exclusive; perhaps 30 different patterns in this lot. These at \$1.50 each.
An extra fine wool blanket, white, 11-4 size, assorted colored borders, \$1.50 a pair.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.,
317-325 South Broadway, Between Third and Fourth, Los Angeles, Cal.

You can put all sorts of valuables in one of our SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.
Boxes open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon.
Union Bank of Savings, 223 S. Spring, Next L. A. Theater.

BLUE FLAME Oil, Cook and Heating Stoves
Cass & Smurr Store Company
314-316 South Spring Street.

NILES PEASE FURNITURE COMPANY
441 S. Spring Los Angeles.
A HOLIDAY STOCK AT EVERY DAY PRICES.
THE PLACE OF ASSORTMENTS AND VALUES.

EVERYTHING new and novel is carefully inspected by our buyer in the East, and if worthy is added to the already large assortment shown here. This never-ceasing activity has attracted the attention of the manufacturers; this store is kept posted on the new things in the old lines as they come out. With hardly an exception we carry the largest variety of any store in the Southwest. And every piece is subjected to the most critical tests for true worthiness. Then it is labeled for what it actually is, and is plainly priced.

A Modern Room. Floor Coverings.
If it be a dining-room, must be fitted in Flemish or Belgian oak. It is the ideal wood for the purpose and promises to long outlive the ordinary transient fashions. The floor is in strict accord with the somber color, but both are relieved by beautiful and unique bits of carving, mostly revivals of old patterns.
Our display is particularly complete, and we have arranged it for more convenient examination in a separate room on the second floor.
The prices are much less than you might expect in view of its novelty and absolute quality. You will enjoy a visit to the Flemish Dining-room.
Think of what you want in Wiltons, Brussels, Ingrains, Velvets, Art Squares, Mattings, Tapestries, Axminsters, Oilcloths or Linoleums, and expect to find it on our Fourth Floor. The stock is big, very fine. It includes the newest and rarest; the economical and the practical.
It would be easy to take up a practical grade, admire the texture and praise the color combination, but the whole is greater than any part. Carpet buyers of the present or future are welcome to come and see. Take the elevator to fourth floor, wander about, study, dream out your furnishing thoughts. There are surprises of style and pattern and color tone. Plenty of room and abundant light.

NILES PEASE FURNITURE CO.
Westminster Celery—Fresh, Tender and Crisp.
New Potatoes, Bell Peppers, Brussel Sprouts, Casaba Melons, Grape Fruit, Pineapples, new Olives, Mushrooms.
Fresh shipment of rare Tropical Fruits—never before brought to this country.
Call or telephone us today. We offer the freshest, finest and only complete assortment in town. But one grade—THE BEST. Free Delivery.

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131-135 S. Main St.

Flexible Rubber Plates.
Flexible rubber is no more suitable for a base for artificial teeth than is hard rubber for making bicycle tires or hose pipe.
I have been called upon to mend a number of broken so-called flexible rubber plates that were made of ordinary hard rubber. SO THIS they not only broke, but kept the gums sore by unequal pressure.
They were worthless. I mended them by making NEW PLATES THAT FIT.
Dr. M. E. Spinks
THE DENTIST
Phone Red 421. Spinks's Block, cor. Fifth and Hill.

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OUR MOTTO—"Full weight, highest quality, lowest prices."
7 lbs. Tapioca..... 25c
6 lbs. Sago..... 25c
5 lbs. Split Peas..... 25c
4 lbs. Pearl Barley..... 25c
3 packages Hecker's Farina..... 25c
5 lb. sack Hecker's Farina..... 20c
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OVERCOATS, Tailor-made, from \$15 to \$35.
BRAUER & KROHN, Tailors, 114 1/2 South Main, Next to the Orpheum.

Bedroom Suits
\$13.50 to \$55.00
Couches Covered \$5 to \$15.
Feather Pillows \$2 to \$5 pr.
I. T. MARTIN,
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Macnair's Co.
Beautiful Dressing Suits in lovely all-wood Eldorado Flannels, exquisitely made, from \$11 upwards.
251 South Broadway.

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THE WAVE OF PROSPERITY IS ROLLING OVER SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Record of Progress in All Lines of Industry, Trade and Development That Few Sections of the United States Can Equal.

Dependent No Longer Upon Rainfall, the Fruit Growers are Assured of Great and Profitable Crops—Labor is in Demand, and Mechanics are Commanding Increased Wages—Failures are Few. Money is not Scarce, and Merchants are Busy.

One of the most remarkable instances of recuperation from undue inflation that the United States has ever seen was that of Los Angeles city from the great real estate boom of 1926-27. Almost everybody declared that the result of that wild excitement would be a "dried town," similar to many others that had been seen throughout the West, since the gold hunters first streamed over the Rocky Mountains. How different was the result. After a brief breathing spell, the city took a fresh start. Building and development commenced in every direction. The Los Angeles of 1930, with a population of 50,000, is now the Los Angeles of about 120,000, and still growing.

Some may say this is an artificial growth, that the city is forging ahead in advance of the country upon which it is dependent. How unfounded this opinion is may be seen from the record of facts in the following columns, in which are set down the present conditions of Southern California. Be it remembered that this advance has been made in two of the most distressing years that this section has witnessed during a quarter of a century.

It is only a few years since the idea of a "dry season" would have sent a thrill of horror through the minds of Southern Californians. Indeed, until recently a dry season meant general disaster. The flocks and herds were devastated, and business men shared in the universal loss.

How is it today? After two subsequent seasons of unprecedented light rainfall, Southern California comes to the front smiling, with a record that few other sections of the United States can equal.

Take, for instance, the record at Whittier, a town laid out during the boom. The Times on Friday, the demand for carpenters is in excess of the supply. A similar story comes from other lines of business.

The man must indeed be a pessimist who can read the following record and not see that Southern California is "all right."

IN LOS ANGELES.

EVERY LINE OF BUSINESS SHOWS IMPROVEMENT.

Demand for Labor is Greater, More Buildings are Being Erected, There are Fewer Failures, and Bank Deposits Have Increased Materially. Volume of Trade Increased.

Careful investigation in Los Angeles has disclosed a development in legitimate business interests, in some instances so tremendous as to call to mind the palmiest days of the land boom of '27.

Elliot, the president of the First National Bank, said: "I come in contact with merchants and farmers every day, and I can say with certainty that the present outlook for the advancement of business in Southern California was never brighter. Not only in the future do we expect to enjoy good times, but we are today doing more business than ever before."

The records of the commercial agencies show fewer failures for 1939. There is a marked decrease in the amount of commercial liabilities, as compared with 1937 and 1938. The total number of failures of 1939 in Southern California was 158; liabilities, \$467,658; assets, \$239,361; 1938, failures, 229; liabilities, \$430,882; assets, \$217,610; 1937, failures, 153; liabilities, \$451,913; assets, \$198,945; 1936, failures, 190; liabilities, \$1,034,817; assets, \$458,178; nine months of 1939, failures, 165; liabilities, \$390,029; assets, \$156,035.

Failures, it is true, do not always indicate hard times. Often in years when money is free, people become careless and take greater risks in loaning money, thereby increasing the risk of loss, which usually results in more failures. The books of the Board of Trade show that this year there are fewer small failures in business, which is taken as an indication that the capital, although plentiful, is being placed with care and judgment. It is also interpreted as a sign of a better business standard.

WHOLESALE TRADE.

In the various lines of wholesale trade business has profited by the freedom of capital and by the increased demand. Business houses, whose operations reach out to Arizona and New Mexico, have been able to develop trade relations infinitely better than have ever existed. Arizona and New Mexico have had a very prosperous season, which is in a measure responsible for existing conditions. My business has increased 25 percent," was the expression of one wholesale grocer, and this was echoed in a greater or lesser degree by his competitors. "I find we are beginning to be able to compete with San Francisco in Arizona on a better footing than a few years ago."

In hardware lines dealers experience a difficulty in filling orders. A large increase in the demand for material is being met by the manufacturers. The second only to the inconvenience of wholesalers are subject in obtaining goods from the East. Here two elements govern the situation, the cost of proper transportation and the inability of eastern manufacturers to fill orders. The majority of local wholesalers ordered goods several months ago, and the prices were less than at present. Eastern manufacturers are inclined to sidetrack such orders for sales when the profit is greater.

An illustration of the advance in iron and steel is, for example, 1938, as follows: Pig iron, \$10.75 per ton, now \$22.75; steel billets for the manufacturing of sheet steel, \$15.50, now \$30.00; steel rails, \$18.00, now \$28.00; heavy steel rails, eastern mill, \$18.00, now \$28.00. Of course prices in the local market are affected, but in spite of them the actual amount of business is said to be better than in any previous year. In the pipe the local market is quiet, but the prospects are good for a very active season if the year is a wet one.

public improvements—which means the biggest step forward that Pasadena ever took. There is most activity in building operations.

Least activity is shown in the development of new industrial enterprises. The general condition of labor and business is better than last year or year before, and about the same as it was three years ago.

The Pasadena fruit growers are not showing a true picture. This is because of the true picture. Carpenters were working \$1.50 to \$2 a day last year, are getting \$2.50 to \$2.75. An advance of 25 cents a day on some carpenters' wages has resulted in a conspicuous degree of activity has been shown of late in the business section of Pasadena, in the building of new houses and the remodeling of others. Handmade new front porches have been put on five stores recently and many other improvements have been made. Many fine new residences are now being completed. The three large modern boarding-houses have just been finished. A hotel is being remodeled. During the fruit-packing season just closed, the amount of help of former years, has been employed.

There have been large investments of capital in the city, especially in electric and mining enterprises. The purchases of California securities have recently been made. A Pasadena company, with \$100,000 capital has been formed to build a new power plant. The same gentlemen are working in the same country. There is a decided tendency to branch out.

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spring of 1939, and the crop of the summer and fall was light. The prospects for the spring crop of 1940 are now very favorable. The orange crop of 1939 was lighter than that of the previous year, but the average returns to the orange-growers were considerably in advance of those of the three years previous. The crop now on the trees is at least 50 per cent. greater in volume than the last crop.

The last year has seen great activity in the development of water for irrigating purposes from wells, and the installation of pumping plants. Great success has attended these developments.

The citrus nursery business, which has been rather inactive for some years past, took a new start in the spring of 1939, and heavy shipments of fruit and stock were sent to all points, and sales were made at better prices than have prevailed since 1932.

The Azusa Manufacturing Company has new houses and the remodeling of others. Handmade new front porches have been put on five stores recently and many other improvements have been made. Many fine new residences are now being completed. The three large modern boarding-houses have just been finished. A hotel is being remodeled. During the fruit-packing season just closed, the amount of help of former years, has been employed.

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oil fields where at times there has been a scarcity of labor.

ANAHIM.

STEADY PROGRESS.

This city has made steady progress during the last year, the improvement being marked in that period than during any time since the days of the boom. Labor has been in demand throughout the year and many new hands have found employment at the cannery factory and the drying house, each of which has done a largely increased business over the year.

The cannery factory will have an output of 1,000,000 cans, as compared with 700,000 last year. The drier will put out nearly 500,000 more of fruit, as compared with forty-five last year. Both these institutions have worked a great betterment for the rancher and orchardist, who now find ready home for their surplus crop, the competition being sharp. It is in this field that there has been the greatest activity during the year in this immediate territory, while in tributary dairy country there has been marked increase in holdings and in milk production.

Wages are better than ever before throughout this section because of the growing demand for labor of all sorts. During the busy season this year the cannery employed 250 people and the drier 200. The fruit canneries and the factory at Buena Park runs night and day most of the year, employing seventy-five people, mostly skilled labor.

There has been no decrease in this year at which labor could not find employment of some sort at fair wages in this section of the country.

RIVERSIDE.

ENORMOUS CROPS.

The general state of labor, progress and industry is good.

The most activity has been in the line of agriculture. Building has been very active in Riverside city. Increased attention is being devoted to the dairy business. The least activity has been in the manufacturing line. This is in no sense a manufacturing community, attention being devoted almost entirely to horticultural and agricultural pursuits.

There has been a marked improvement in the condition of labor and business, compared with one, two and three years ago.

Two or three years ago, and even at this time last year, hundreds of men were seeking employment here, and were turned away. Now, employers frequently find it difficult to obtain the services of laboring men.

Wages have advanced generally from 15 to 20 per cent, both for skilled and unskilled labor.

Remarkable activity is shown all along the line. During the past year, more orchards have been planted, more acres set to grain, and more buildings erected, than during any like period, not only in Riverside, but in the history of Riverside. Established concerns, in all lines of trade, are doing 20 per cent. more business than at this time last year. There is a corresponding increase in the number of men employed.

The Riverside bank deposits aggregate \$1,000,000. Total deposits are exceptionally large. There is an abundance of capital available at lower rates of interest than ever before offered here.

While some fruit-growing sections suffered during the past summer from a lack of water, Riverside's supply was abundant. As a result, the orange and lemon orchards are in splendid condition and will yield an enormous crop. If the rains come right, the Perris, San Jacinto and Temecula valleys will yield a grain crop far exceeding that of any previous year. The growing of alfalfa, to which particular attention has been directed the past year, promises to prove profitable. This has led to the establishment of several dairies south of Riverside, and local capitalists have just completed a dairy at West Riverside.

A foundry and planing mill have been established here during the past few years. They do a good business, and are not operated on an extensive scale. There are many indications of the general prosperity of this section. Bank deposits have largely increased. There is an abundance of capital. Few idle men are to be seen and wages are better than in any other section of the cash basis. Many more old mortgages are being canceled than new mortgages recorded. Taxes are being paid promptly, and the volume of business is in a healthy state.

Those who want work here now can find it easily. Conditions here are as good as any other section of the country. Men secure employment during the winter months picking oranges and in the packing-houses. These are mostly transient jobs, but they contain many jobs in the spring, when they migrate north, to find employment in the deciduous-fruit belt.

SANTA ANA.

ON A HIGHER PLANE.

The conditions surrounding labor in this city and county are so much improved that through them great industry is to be observed everywhere, and the progress made in nearly all branches of business has been greater than for any season in several years.

There has been greater activity in the line of building during the past year than in any other line. Today it is almost impossible to secure a carpenter or mason to do the work that is laid out for them, and workmen have been brought from Los Angeles and Riverside. The building activity extends into the country. Because of the two years of severe drought there is less activity in beet raising than in any other industry of the county.

Merchants in Santa Ana and vicinity are doing a much larger business this year than they have done at any other time within the past ten years, and their trade is largely cash. The vaults of the local banks contain more money than for the past dozen years, and money can be borrowed on any good security.

PROFESSORS.

Liebreich, of BERLIN, Bogoslawsky, of MOSCOW, Althaus, of LONDON, Pouchet and Lancereaux, of PARIS, the NEW YORK Medical Journal, Medical News, etc., etc.,

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the past three years, and as much more has been expended in development. Larger sums of money are now going into mines—gold, silver, coal and gypsum. The Edison Electric Company of Los Angeles is constructing a light and power system at Buena Vista. Santa Ana has completed a \$60,000 sewer system and the county has completed a \$20,000 jail building and has just voted \$100,000 for the construction of a new up-to-date courthouse. The Chamber of Commerce recently raised \$8000 with which it secured the establishment of a \$15,000 cannery.

Farming is conducted in this section of the Santa Ana Valley on a higher plane now than ever before. Prospects are good for general crops. The two years' drought has resulted in extensive development of water in the valley, the greater portion coming from new artesian wells. It has been conservatively estimated that during the past year Orange county has developed fully 12,000 mineral inches, this being almost one-third of the total water development of the entire southern portion of the State for that time. A larger acreage of burley will be sown this year than in any previous year in the history of the county.

Santa Ana has a \$15,000 cannery, which has been under construction for two years. It will produce 1200 tons of fruit and vegetables, making almost one million cans, or about one hundred and twenty-five carloads of canned fruit and vegetables. It will require an outlay of about \$140,000, of which \$25,000 was paid out in this city and vicinity for labor. A new novelty works, for the manufacture of novelties from California woods, was recently established here. An ice plant is now projected, the company having already formed a powder mill and another condensed-milk factory are also projected.

The excess of the products of the valley over and above local consumption, and the profitable marketing of the same, has brought about the present desirable condition of the section. The section of the valley last year shipped out over six hundred carloads of oranges, 400 carloads of English walnuts, 100 carloads of apricots, 100 carloads of vegetables, 150 carloads of canned fruit, 100 carloads of dried deciduous fruit, 175 carloads of barley, 100 carloads of wheat, 100 carloads of peanuts, 150 carloads of eggs, 20 carloads of butter and much other stuff. There is no difficulty in steady, capable, worthy and labor men securing profitable employment in Orange county today.

SANTA BARBARA.

WORK FOR ALL.

The general state of labor, progress and industry is good.

There is great activity in the county in agricultural lines, including walnut and lemon industries, in the oil fields, in water development, and in railroad building along the gap.

There is scarcely any activity in real estate. The money market is quiet and there are no new manufacturing industries.

Labor and business conditions are good. Last year being a dry year, the labor market was bad. Business men carried heavy accounts for the farmers who had no crops. A general easement has come through the enormous crop of hay, walnut and other crops, and the favorable condition of the lemon orchards. Farmers are settling their accounts. The money market is quiet and there are no new manufacturing industries.

There are many indications of the general prosperity of this section. Bank deposits have largely increased. There is an abundance of capital. Few idle men are to be seen and wages are better than in any other section of the cash basis. Many more old mortgages are being canceled than new mortgages recorded. Taxes are being paid promptly, and the volume of business is in a healthy state.

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CITY VEHICLE TAX.**AN ORDINANCE FOR THE PURPOSE MAY BE PASSED.**

Councilmen Seeking Some Means to Continue the Hand-Sweeping of the Streets—Hose Award. Public Market.

Twining, a Teacher in the Ivanhoe School, Charged With Brutally Beating a Pupil, Vida Belcher.

McDonald Will Contest Withdrawal, Effort to Undo Sanitary District Elections—Trouble Over Trust Funds.

A vehicle tax has been proposed as a good means for raising revenue to continue the hand-sweeping of the streets. Yesterday afternoon the Finance Committee of the Council and a special committee appointed by the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association met at the rooms of the association, in the Wilcox Block, to consider the feasibility of such a tax. The ordinance will probably be drafted before Friday of next week.

The Fire Commission and the Fire and Water Committee of the Council yesterday recommended that the Council award the contract for fire hose to six bidders, giving each an order for 100 feet. Some dissatisfaction has been expressed over the award, and the matter may be given an entirely different turn in the Council.

A hearing was given before the Board of Public Works yesterday to the fight between the public market, who seek to have the ordinance regulating the hours during which the market can be kept open, repealed. It was stated that unless the city repealed the ordinance a new market would be put in. The board took the matter under advisement.

X. C. Twining, teacher in the Ivanhoe school, beyond Griffith Park, was complained against in the Township Court yesterday for alleged battery committed on the person of a young pupil, Vida Elizabeth Belcher.

The contest over the will of the late Dr. E. N. McDonald, in a \$160,000 estate, has been withdrawn—at least, temporarily.

The opponents to the recently-voted sanitary districts at North Pasadena and Lamanda Park will take their case to the Supreme Court.

The suit in which A. S. Longley was charged with misappropriating \$4000 of a certain trust in the Matilda R. Greene estate, was on trial yesterday, and a motion for non-suit is under the court's consideration.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]
MAY TAX VOUCHERS.

SPECIAL FUND FOR CONTINUANCE OF HAND SWEEPING.

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association Has Its Say—Joint Committee Recommend a Hose Award. Repeal of the Public Market Ordinance Asked—Public Works Discussed.

The Finance Committee of the Council met yesterday afternoon, conjointly with a special committee appointed by the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, to discuss the advisability of establishing a vehicle tax. The association was represented by R. E. Marx, W. G. Hutchinson and Frank Simpson. Councilmen Toll, Baker and Pessell comprising the Finance Committee were present, as was also W. A. White, the City Tax Collector.

The question of a vehicle tax was discussed pro and con for an hour or longer. The only thing decided upon was to recommend that an ordinance be drafted licensing everything on wheels, from bicycles to trucks and drays. This ordinance the Finance Committee will frame in time to allow the directors of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association a chance to consider its provisions at their regular meeting to be held next Friday evening.

The framing of a vehicle ordinance has long been considered by the Council as a means of raising revenue to provide for the street cleaning of the city. Two years or more ago the subject was first broached, but the project met with such determined opposition that nothing definite was done. Periodically since that time the matter has come up for discussion, but it was not until within the last few days that it has been given serious consideration.

At the beginning of the fiscal year, an item of \$521 was included in the annual budget to defray the cost of sweeping the streets by hand. An ordinance was passed providing that this work be continued until November 1. Two weeks ago the Street Superintendent reported recommending that he be authorized to keep the men employed until the money of which there was about \$1500 left, gave out. Last Monday the Council voted to retain the men at least until the end of the present month.

The measure now under consideration aims to provide a revenue sufficient to keep the men permanently employed. The Council asserts that owing to the \$1 limit imposed by the charter on municipal taxation it will be impossible to provide the means for this work except by a special tax. An examination of systems of taxation in vogue in other cities shows that nearly all of the industries licensed here are taxed as high as in any other city. The only alternative left the Council was to inaugurate either an occupation tax or a vehicle tax. The occupation tax has not been given serious thought this time, but the bare mention of it has driven the merchants of the city to favor the other tax. If the vehicle measure should fail, they fear that the Council might vote for an occupation tax, which is a direct tax upon storekeepers, and this they claim would work a great hardship to the merchants of the city.

The hand-sweeping of the streets is naturally confined to the center of the city, and the merchants are the ones that reap the most direct benefit. Much of the dirt and dust that accumulates denits the street-sweepers and is carried into the stores by gusts of wind stirred up by the street cars. It is now collected by the street cleaners, as they are termed on account of the white uniforms which they wear. In a general way, every one is benefited, as the streets are kept much cleaner and the air purer than would otherwise be the case.

At the joint session held yesterday afternoon the ordinances of Indianapolis

and Kansas City, which provide a license rate for vehicles of all kinds, were reviewed. The Indianapolis ordinance is especially strict in its provisions, some of which are as follows: Annual license fee on each wagon or truck used in hauling boilers, engines or machinery, and drawn by four or more horses, \$20; on each omnibus drawn by two horses, \$8; on each tally-ho drawn by four horses, \$10; on each wagon or cart drawn by two horses, \$5; on each dray or cart drawn by one horse, \$3; on each dray or truck drawn by two horses, \$5; on each furniture cart drawn by two horses, \$7; on each hack drawn by two horses, \$6; on each family surrey drawn by one horse, \$2; on each horseless carriage, \$3; on each surrey or similar vehicle used for delivery or riding purposes only, \$2; on each push or hand cart, \$2; on each bicycle, except those used by children under 14 years of age, \$1.

The ordinance was passed on December 19, 1898, and its provisions cover thirty-three classes of vehicles in all. It provides for the registration of the licenses on the books of the city comptroller, and the vehicle, if sold, retains the license, providing a transfer is made on the books. The ordinance is far more strict in its provisions than the one in force in Kansas City.

It was the consensus of opinion at yesterday's meeting that a similar ordinance, only with the fees reduced slightly, would be an excellent measure for Los Angeles. The hand-sweeping of the territory covered by the ordinance now in force entails an expense of about \$15,000 per year. This sum provides for the employment of twenty-two men.

Mr. Toll stated that he did not believe the Council would pass a vehicle ordinance unless assured that the measure would meet the approval of the merchants. While all the merchants were benefited to a greater or less extent, nevertheless there was bound to be some opposition to the increased tax. The merchants, however, who reaped the direct benefit were willing to lend their support to the movement.

There was evidently little use in passing the ordinance. The limit imposed by taxation did not leave one cent that could be applied another year to the hand-sweeping of the streets so it was useless for the business men to demand that the streets be kept clean unless they were willing to bear a slightly increased burden. The tax must be for the use of the vehicle. Otherwise it would be classed as a double taxation on the ground that a tax had already been paid on the article as personal property.

Mr. Marx thought there could be no question but that the merchants would much prefer a vehicle tax to an occupation tax. "Besides," said he, "it is not so much a question of the interests of the merchants, as it is a matter of municipal pride. Our streets should be kept cleaner than they are. We suffer materially in comparison with San Francisco and eastern cities in this respect."

Mr. Toll remarked that the gentleman could not expect the streets of Los Angeles to be kept as clean as the streets of cities where the pavements extended for miles into the country. "Here," said he, "we have dirt streets with big blocks of the center of the city. The dirt accumulates on the tires of the incoming vehicles, and is jarred off onto the pavements when the wagon gets near the city. Then the streets of eastern cities are washed twice a week by being flushed from the fire hose hydrants. This is done at night, and the surface of the street receives a thorough scrubbing. As a result, the pavements are free from the dirt that escapes from the machine sweepers, and rapidly-moving street cars do not stir up a cloud of dirt particles, such as may frequently be seen in the wake of Los Angeles cars. No such methods can be employed here, as there is no runoff for storm water, and if water was available for such purposes, the use of it would serve to keep the gutters in the southwestern part of the city in a constantly muddy state."

It was finally agreed to draft an ordinance which should provide a special license fee for certain classes of vehicles, and to insert a blanket provision covering all risks not included in the special provisions. The means by which the Council hopes to raise the \$15,000, are roughly speaking, as follows: From 4000 single buggies, taxed \$1 each, \$4000; from 1000 two-horse rigs, taxed \$1.50 each, \$1500; from 10,000 bicycles, taxed 50 cents each, \$5000; from 1500 delivery and express wagons, taxed \$1 each, \$1500; from miscellaneous sources, \$1000. These figures foot up \$13,000, and are considered to be very conservative, both in the amount of the license charged and in the estimate of the number of vehicles affected. Some people estimate the number of bicycles in the city at from 15,000 to 20,000, whereas the committee has taken 10,000 as a basis.

The ordinance, as drawn, will probably provide for a special road fund, so that any surplus that may be on hand can be readily devoted to improving the streets in any way the Council shall deem proper.

FIRE HOSE CONTRACT DIVIDED.
SIX AWARDS MADE.

As was expected, the joint committee composed of the Fire Commission and the Fire and Water Committee of the Council, yesterday recommended that the Council award to different bidders 6000 feet of fire hose instead of 15,000 feet, as advertised for. This decision was not relished by the hose agents, who have come here from far and near to compete for the contract. The six awarded 1000 feet each found some balm to take the edge from their disappointment.

When the committee met, shortly after 9 o'clock yesterday morning, there was a room full of expectant hose agents already on hand. The room was littered with short samples of hose, which had been taken from the packages at the public hearing given on Thursday. Around the sides of the room, placed against the wall, were boxes containing fifty-foot sections of the fire hose brought here from all points of the compass. The members forced their way through the ranks, and the discussion and altercation which followed was a sight to behold. The committee wished to speak just one last word, and attained the seclusion of the Mayor's sanctum. The rest of the proceedings were of no consequence.

After about an hour Chief Moore issued from the inner office and read the following recommended award: Paragon Hose Company, 1000 feet, Masfitt brand, at \$3 cents per lineal foot, California Hose Company, 1000 feet, Masfitt brand, at 7 1/2 cents per foot, James W. Hellman, agent 1000 feet, Victor-Jacket brand, at 80 cents per foot, Harper & Reynolds Company, 1000 feet, Amazon brand, at 80 cents per foot, Cass and Smurthwaite Company, 1000 feet, Imperial brand, at 7 1/4 cents per foot, Crane & Co., 1000 feet.

It is not known in what light the Council will view the award of the joint committee. Some of the Councilmen are not altogether pleased with the recommendations, and predictions have been made that when the matter reaches the court of last resort the whole discussion and altercation will be opened up anew. Owing to the shortage in the funds, which was not discovered until a few days ago, the members of the Fire Commission realize that strict economy will have to be observed in the department this year or the money will run short. This situation is said to have determined the great measure the award, although most of the committee assert that the brands of hose purchased are practical-

ally as good as the higher-priced article.

From the special \$150,000 bond issue, made a little over a year ago, \$7195 is left. The hose recommended in yesterday's award, if purchased by the Council, will cost \$4677.50, which will not leave a very large margin for the Fire Commission to work on in completing the equipment of the new engine-houses.

The question will come before the Council on Monday and it is probable that some of the disgruntled hose agents will make an effort to have the award changed. What may be the result is purely a matter of surmise, but it is apparent that a determined effort to influence members of the Council will be tried before the session on Monday.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.
MARKET PROTEST.

At the regular session of the Board of Public Works yesterday morning, the protest against the ordinance regulating the public market was discussed. This protest is over twenty-two feet in length, and contains about 700 names. The gentlemen who spoke on the question yesterday gave the board the comforting assurance that they could obtain several times the number of names if necessary.

The ordinance against which the protest is made was passed about a month ago, and provided that the public market be held between 4 o'clock and 5 o'clock a.m. This provision was not enforced last month, owing to the fact that the stalls had been rented for the month and the rent paid in advance. The City Attorney, however, instructed Ira Herrington, the public-market inspector, that it would be his duty to enforce the ordinance, and that he should not allow the market to be held until the stalls had been rented.

The dealers who appeared stated that they were aware of a movement to establish a private market to take the place of the public market. Greater facilities would be afforded the fruit and vegetable growers, and the market price, electric lights and other modern conveniences would be furnished, and the city would in consequence lose a considerable revenue. It was stated that Jacoby Broderick was the author of the scheme, and were only waiting to see what the Council would do with the protest presented.

In view of the many factors injected into the case, the Board of Public Works took the matter under advisement.

The proposed ordinance granting the Southern Pacific the right to build a spur track across San Pedro street from the Blinn Lumber Company's yards to the Pacific Electric Company's yards, was referred back to the board at the last Council session. Yesterday the matter came up for renewed consideration. W. H. Derwent, who represents the owners of considerable land in the vicinity appeared before the board and stated that it was not the intention of the Davies brothers to allow any more switching across their land. At the present time the switch was proving almost a nuisance, and the Davies intended to submit to any more of it unless forced to do so.

Charles Van der Kuylen and I. P. Dahlstrom, who own blocks of the street, appeared and renewed their arguments against the ordinance on the ground that it would injure the street and be a nuisance to the residents attending the Boyd-street school. At the conclusion of the speech-making the board took the matter under advisement.

The board recommended that the petition of G. A. Lathrop asking that New Hampshire street between Twelfth and Pico streets be graded under the provisions of the bond act, and the petition from M. J. Newman et al. asking that Fremont street between Los Angeles and Alameda streets be swept be granted.

Will Inspect the Levee.

W. G. Nevin, general manager of the Southern California Railway Company, filed a communication with the City Clerk yesterday saying that the order received from the Council directing the company to fix the levee from the Buena Vista street bridge to the First-street viaduct was the first intimation that he had had that there was anything wrong with the bank at that point. He informed the Council that it was for the self-interest of the company to keep the levee in perfect repair, and that the matter would be looked into, and any defect remedied at once.

Object to Oil Traffic.

A protest was filed at the Clerk's office yesterday signed by E. T. Earl, C. N. Sterry, A. A. Dougherty and R. D. Osborn, representing 947 feet frontage on Wilshire boulevard, objecting to the oil traffic over that part of the street that connects Wilshire and Sunset Parks. The protest was as follows:

"The undersigned property-owners on Wilshire boulevard respectfully request that an ordinance be enacted that will prevent heavy hauling, and particularly the hauling of oil, upon Wilshire boulevard, between Westlake and Sunset Parks. The boulevard, lying between the two parks, was dedicated to the city, as shown on the original filing map, for boulevard and park purposes, and was never intended by the grantors to be used for business purposes."

Police Salary Demands Ready.

The police salary demands that have been delayed a few days, will be ready for payment this morning at 10 o'clock. The tax collections yesterday amounted to over \$10,000. The next appropriation will be made on Monday.

Work not Yet Begun.

A misunderstanding, with the City Engineer is responsible for the statement made yesterday that work on the Broadway tunnel had begun. The actual work begins next week.

Her Majesty's Portrait.

[Chicago Times-Herald.] Prof. Angell, the Queen's favorite painter, who has recently been intrusted with the execution of Her Majesty's portrait, enjoys her highest confidence. No secret, he has been telling an interviewer, is hidden from him. The last time the Queen was sitting to be painted, he was sitting to her Majesty's side. He is to be reproduced for circulation among the English people. The Queen, however, will not allow the original portrait to be used for reproduction, so Prof. Angell will make a copy of it.

GOOD FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

Don't torture the children with liquid and pill medicine. Use only safe, agreeable laxative for little ones is Cascarella Candy Cathartic. All druggists. 25c. 50c. 75c.

TIME South Pasadena Orchard Farm has no agency or salesroom in Los Angeles. California orchard, features can only be purchased in the farm salesroom.

OFFICIAL PLUMES and tips at 20 and 40 per cent. below retail figures at the Octavo Farm. The largest stock to select from in the West.

WATCHES cleaned, 25c; main springs, 25c; crystals, 25c. Patton, 220 North Spring street.

[AT THE COURTHOUSE.]
CHARGED WITH BATTERY**COMPLAINT FILED AGAINST AN IVANHOE TEACHER.**

Vida Belcher Said to Have Been Brutally Flogged on Thursday by N. C. Twining—Father Prefers Charges in Behalf of His Young Daughter, Who is Unhealthy.

A complaint was filed in the Township Court yesterday morning charging N. C. Twining with battery. Twining is a teacher and has charge of the Ivanhoe school, beyond Griffith Park. He is alleged to have unmercifully beaten a pupil, named Vida Elizabeth Belcher, and the complaining witness is the girl's father, S. E. Belcher.

The alleged battery took place on Thursday, according to the complaint. Vida Belcher is 15 years old—a good girl, quick in her studies and a conscientious worker. Her health, however, is far from the best; she is but a mere silhouette of a body, has heart trouble and is looked upon as delicately unwell. Such is the father's description of the daughter, while Twining, he says, is far past middle age, a large, vigorous man of considerable muscular strength.

On Thursday, the father says, for some reason, the teacher was not pleased with his pupil's work, and walked down to her desk to upbraid her. Twining, he says, was not justified and very soon words ensued, whereupon trouble began in earnest.

Twining is said to have seized a pointer, about the size of a cane, and perhaps as thick as a man's thumb, at the handle end, and with it to have struck the girl on the left cheek, cutting a gash of some length above the mouth.

This was promptly resented by the little lady, who threw a dictionary at the pedagogue. Then Twining, so the father told the District Attorney, bent the girl across her back and shoulders with the stiff, heavy pointer until she was subdued. Belcher is sure that his daughter's flesh yesterday morning showed as many as eleven well-defined welts or bruises, besides a cut on one of her hands.

It is upon this presentation of the circumstances that a complaint was issued, charging battery by reason of alleged excessive punishment by a school teacher.

It seems that Twining and Belcher are not on good terms. Hard feeling is said to exist between them over Belcher's recent appointment to fill a vacancy on the district board of school trustees. Twining has been in charge of the Ivanhoe school only since its opening for the new year last September. He will probably be arraigned before Justice James some time today.

TROUBLE OVER TRUST FUNDS.
GREENE ESTATE.

The suit of T. Sumner Greene and Samuel W. Greene against A. S. Longley and others to remove Longley as trustee of a certain fund of \$4000, was on trial in Judge Allen's court yesterday. The plaintiff's motion for non-suit is now on. The plaintiff's attorney is desirous to file a brief to show cause why such a motion should not be granted.

About January 1, 1895, Samuel W. Greene of Providence, R. I., transferred certain properties to Thomas C. Greene, his son, and to his wife, the late Matilda R. Greene and for their heirs. In June, 1895, Thomas C. Greene paroled this trust of \$4000 to A. S. Longley, who was to pay the income therefrom to Matilda R. Greene as long as she lived, and upon her death pay the principal to her children.

On May 7, 1898, Greene died, and her heirs were T. Sumner Greene, S. W. Greene, Mrs. Longley and Mrs. M. R. Padgett. It is now alleged that Longley should have paid over the trust to the beneficiaries, but that he refused to do so.

In the following August, Longley rendered an account in writing, showing that he had paid over to his hands the sum of \$1190.73 in cash and \$2340.18 in mortgage securities.

"Which account is not true," say the plaintiffs, "and Longley did not pay, and has not now said sum of \$1190.73 on hand, or any other sum, belonging to said trust fund, but said A. S. Longley was appropriating the same to his own use and is unable to pay over the same as directed by the terms of the trust."

For these reasons it is alleged that Longley is not a fit person to administer this trust or hold control or management of it, and the court is asked to remove Longley from his position as trustee, appointing in his place the plaintiff, T. Sumner Greene, or some other proper person, for the purpose of distributing the fund to the parties entitled thereto.

While Judge Allen has taken the matter of non-suit under advisement, he intimated yesterday that he was inclined to think that such a motion should be granted.

TO UNDO SANITARY ELECTIONS.
AN AFFIDAVIT.

The opposition to the recently-voted sanitary districts at North Pasadena and Lamanda Park will take its case to the Supreme Court. To set aside the recent elections, those against the districts are said to rely principally on an affidavit, sworn to before E. F. Hagan of Pasadena, who is now in prison, and subsequently elected, officers of the Lamanda district specifically deposed their declarations and sent them out among the voters in circular form. The letter was as follows:

"We, the undersigned, nominees and candidates for offices of the proposed Lamanda sanitary district, to be voted for at an election to be held on October 10, 1899, do respectfully declare that we realize that if we are elected as officers of Lamanda sanitary district it will be on the sole issue of no saloons, and we hereby declare that we have no purpose to confine our efforts to this sole end, and being taxpayers ourselves we declare it to be our purpose to raise no other sum by taxation what so ever, but to be necessary to close the saloons and keep them closed."

This affidavit, it is urged, proves that the result desired to be accomplished cannot be accomplished, and hence the elections illegal and void.

WILL CONTEST WITHDRAWN.
MCDONALD-ESTATE.

The contest over the will of the late Dr. E. N. McDonald of Wilmington has been withdrawn—at least temporarily. A stipulation was agreed to by John S. Chapman, Esq., counsel for Mrs. McDonald, and Will D. Gould, Esq., and C. White Mortimer, Esq., for the contestants, that the contest could be dropped without prejudice and renewed at any time within one year after the probate of the will.

The McDonald estate is valued at \$160,000, and consists largely of real estate in Los Angeles properties. When McDonald died last June, two wills were discovered among his papers—one dated in 1878

and a later one executed in 1898, which is supposed to revoke the former. The second one was admitted to probate yesterday, and Mrs. McDonald was appointed executrix without bonds. Under the terms of the will of 1898, several nephews in Canada were forgotten, whereupon they proposed to smash the instrument to pieces, and hired Canadian counsel to look after their interests. One of the nephews, William McDonald, made a trip out here, after his uncle's death, looked over the ground and returned. He supposed he was under fair way to accomplish a peaceful settlement, but Mrs. McDonald knew of no such arrangement and the contest was set down for issue October 31. The attorneys here, however, were not ready for the trial and asked for a continuance. The Canadian solicitors, it is alleged, had failed to forward important information. But the request was denied. When the matter came up before Judge Mahon yesterday, the contest was accordingly withdrawn under the aforementioned stipulation, and the last will probated.

GENERAL COURTHOUSE BRIEFS.

MISCELLANEOUS.
GUARDIANS. Clarabel Coombs asks to be appointed guardian of her seven-year-old son, George R. Coombs. The boy is entitled to one-half of his father's monthly pension of \$17. Petitioner's husband is divorced from her. Nellie A. Moyle asks to be appointed guardian of her daughter, Mary F. Clark.

INSANE. Samuel A. Ellis was ordered committed to the hospital for the insane at Highland yesterday by Judge Mahon, upon recommendation of Dr. H. S. Orme and Dr. Granville McGowan. Ellis's home is in Arizona. He talks incoherently of streams and mountains of gold; also of mines and many things united to fall upon the ears of the court. He imagines that a great quantity of gold, like a river, flows through the corner of the room he occupies.

FLOWING WELL CASE. The suit of the Thompson & Boyle Company against Seymour G. Waite and H. R. Gage to recover, by foreclosure of a mechanic's lien, \$1069 for materials used in constructing a flowing well, was on trial in Judge Allen's court yesterday. The case was decided by Judge Trask in favor of the plaintiff company. In answer to the complaint defendants alleged that they had been fraudulently imposed upon by their contractor, whose name was Catey, and induced to sink their well 463 feet deeper than necessary. The case was originally agreed upon, and they felt that it was not equitable for them to pay the extra charge. The case had been on trial in Department Four ever since Monday morning.

DIVORCED. D. W. Gilmore was granted a divorce from Neva Gilmore yesterday by Judge Fitzgerald, on the ground of desertion.

PROBATE OF WILL. Emma Snavely asks for the probate of Jacob L. Snavely's will in an estate of about \$4500.

Sarah E. Upham has petitioned that the will of Maj. Frank K. Upham, late treasurer of the Soldiers' Home, be admitted to probate. Deceased left four children and his estate is valued at \$8000.

PETITION FOR LETTERS. Emma S. Blanchard asks to be appointed administratrix of the \$1000 estate of Samuel G. Blanchard.

AGENTS' INTEREST. A. E. Weiss says he is made a party to a suit brought by Harvey and others against P. M. Daniel because he attached Daniel's interest in the property.

Godkin Leaves the Post.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Evening Post will print the following statement this evening: "In response to numerous inquiries, we regret to announce that E. L. Godkin has severed his connection with the Evening Post. It was his intention to do so in any case on the first of January, but the step has been hastened by impaired health. He will continue to be an occasional editorial contributor."

SHE QUIT COFFEE

And Got Well in Common Sense Way.
"When I left off coffee, it seemed that was the thing hardest to drop. I had been put on a diet for stomach trouble, had a good appetite but no food would stay on my stomach. I was compelled to leave off one thing after another, but never suspected coffee. When I decided to leave off the coffee, however, my stomach trouble ceased entirely, also my nervousness, and I can again sleep well. But a new trouble then arose. How was I to get along without my coffee? It was a great temptation when I saw it on the table in the morning. One day a friend who knew of my case sent me a package of Postum Cereal Food Coffee. After it had been prepared, I had great misgivings about using it, for it looked so much like fine coffee that I feared it would have the same effect, but I soon found it to be free from all injurious properties and its use has been of great benefit to me."

"I have never had any taste for coffee since using Postum Cereal Food Coffee. My children derive great benefit from using Postum. We all enjoy it very much, having discarded the old-fashioned coffee entirely." Alice Lawrence, Bowen, Mont.

Postum Food Coffee is sold by all first-class grocers at 15 and 25 cents per package.

Crema de Liss.
Creates A Perfect Complexion.

It purifies and beautifies the skin at once, and contains the necessary ingredients to "create" and preserve youthful beauty.

Low Prices on all Work.

BROKEN Watches and Jewelry should be brought here for repair. We are doing it, it is worth doing. That is our motto.

Watches Cleaned 75c.

All New Main Springs. 50c
New Roller Jewels. 50c
Kind's New Case Springs. 50c
Hindcase Crystals. 50c
Open-face Crystals. 50c
Rings Made Smaller. 25c
James Resist. 25c
Rings Soldered. 25c
Well. 25c
Old Engraving. 25c

Geneva Watch and Optical Co.,
303 SOUTH BROADWAY.

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Geneva Watch and Optical Co.,
303 SOUTH BROADWAY.

SKILLED SPECIALISTS

There are many good reasons why these physicians have attained their present high standing. Each member of the staff is endowed by nature with all of the many qualifications which are necessary to make a successful physician. All are regular graduates from the highest medical colleges in the land; all are devoted to the art of healing and restoring afflicted men; all are conscientious, careful and painstaking. Their great medical institution, which is the largest in America, is equipped with the most modern appliances and apparatus that can be procured.



Their laboratory is supplied with remedies THAT CURE. Dr. Meyers & Co. have learned by vast experience that it pays to cure their patients. One man who has been restored to health and strength is worth more to the doctors, as an advertisement, than many columns of newspaper space. Until they are cured, any man applying for treatment who has the least doubt of their ability to cure a contracted ailment, or to restore complete or partial loss of vitality, may deposit the price of a cure in any bank or with any well-known business house or newspaper in Los Angeles, such deposit NOT to be paid to Dr. Meyers & Co. until the patient is thoroughly convinced that he is permanently cured. Payments may be made in monthly installments, if preferred. Home cures a specialty. If you cannot call, write for free advice, private book, terms, prices, etc. All letters confidential.

DR. MEYERS & CO.,
218 S. BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES.

Elevator Entrance. Hours—9 to 4 daily; 7 to 8 evenings; 9 to 11 Sundays.

THE PEOPLE'S ILLUSTRATED

PAPER AND WEEKLY MAGAZINE

THE SUNDAY

THE TIMES

FOR NOVEMBER 5, 1899.

Will contain all the news from all the world, with pertinent and intelligent editorial comment on the topics of principal interest. The Illustrated Magazine will contain the following and other

SPECIAL ARTICLES:

THE TRAILS OF YESTERDAY.

We are going to move to 331-333-335 South Broadway. We'll move our place

of business, but not the goods. Our present stock must be sold. Here are the prices that are doing it—The lowest prices ever quoted in the West:

Men's Furnishings.

25c Neckwear.	14c
50c Neckwear.	33c
75c Neckwear.	45c
50c Underwear.	29c
Fancy jersey ribbed underwear, satin front, shirts or drawers.	
60c Men's Underwear.	35c
Fleece lined, heavy cotton, ribbed cuffs, shirts or drawers.	
75c Underwear.	45c
Fancy fancy brown and blue merino and ribbed balbriggan, all satin finish.	
1.00 Underwear.	70c
Natural gray and camel's hair merino, heavy winter weight.	
1.25 all-wool Underw'r.	95c
Strictly all-wool Vicuna, natural and camel's hair.	
12c Men's Hose.	7c
Seamless, brown cotton, fast color.	
20c Men's Hose.	12c
Cashmere and cotton hose, 20c quality.	
12c Handkerchiefs.	7c
Large size, hemstitched white Japanese handkerchiefs.	
50c Shirts.	33c
Unlaundered white shirts, all linen bosom, full cut, all sizes.	
75c Men's Shirts.	45c
Fancy golf and stiff bosom shirts, cuffs to match.	
1c Shirts.	73c
Fancy stiff bosom and golf shirts, always sold at \$1.	
Men's Hats.	
1.25 Men's Hats.	89c
Brown, cedar and hazel Fedoras.	
2c Hats.	1.39
Derby and Fedoras, all of the new shapes and shades.	
2.50 Hats.	1.90
Derby and Fedora styles, the latest blocks and colors.	
25c Caps.	19c
Regular 25c Golf Caps, all sizes.	

Men's Clothing.

\$7.50 Men's Suits	\$5.15
Cheviot and cassimere single-breasted suits, gray and brown pin checks and plaids.	
\$10.00 Men's Suits	\$6.65
Single-breasted round cut sack suits, cassimere and worsteds.	
\$11.50 Men's Suits	\$7.65
Cassimere and cheviot suits, well tailored and finished, neat patterns.	
\$12.50 Men's Suits	\$9.45
Worsted, cassimere, cheviots and blue serge, single and double-breasted sack and clay worsted three button cutaways.	
\$15.00 Men's Suits	\$11.65
Single and double-breasted blue serge, gray and black fancy worsted frocks and sacks; cheviots, velours, fancy worsted and cassimere, single and double-breasted.	
\$17.50 Men's Suits	\$13.35
Herringbone stripes and all the new patterns and weaves, frocks, single and double-breasted sacks; fit and finish unexcelled.	
\$20.00 Men's Suits	\$16.25
We pride ourselves on having the largest, the best assorted and selected stock of \$20 suits for men on this coast any cut, color or pattern; marked for the Removal Sale.	
\$25.00 Men's Suits	\$18.75
Imported fancy worsteds, cassimere, cheviots, serge and clay worsted, single and double-breasted sacks, three button frocks and Prince Alberts.	
\$30.00 Men's Suits	\$23.75
No one but the high-class tailors can produce their equal. The high-class tailor cannot match them for less than \$40, all styles, including full dress, all weaves in imported cloths.	

Salespeople
Wanted.

Ladies' Shoes.

\$3 Ladies' Shoes.	50c
Olds and ons of twenty different \$3 lines, nearly all are small sizes.	
\$4 Ladies' Shoes.	75c
Small sizes, hand sewed and hand turned shoes, plenty of size up to 4 1/2.	
\$5 Ladies' Shoes.	1.00
Made by America's foremost shoe manufacturers, small sizes or narrow widths, no toying with short lines now.	
\$1.50 Ladies' Shoes.	1.09
All sizes, black kid button shoes, coin toes, and patent leather tips, all sizes.	
\$1.75 Ladies' Shoes.	1.23
Buton and lace, coin toes, and patent leather tips, all sizes.	
\$2.00 Ladies' Shoes.	1.37
Buton dog or coin toe, lace and button shoes, all sizes in each style.	
\$2.50 Ladies' Shoes.	1.74
Vici kid shoes, button and lace, space stitched, tourist heel foxing, Harvard last and tip, patent leather, lace stay, all sizes.	
\$3.00 Ladies' Shoes.	1.98
Goodyear welt sole, vici kid uppers, lace and button, kid or patent leather tips and all sizes in all styles.	
\$3.50 Ladies' Shoes.	2.37
Hand-turned and welted soles; kid or patent tip, new styles, button or lace, all sizes in each style.	
\$4.00 Ladies' Shoes.	2.75
Manish last with stitched tip, double sole, outside backstay, nickel eyelets, all sizes and widths.	
\$1.25 Misses' Shoes.	87c
Sizes 12 1/2 to 2, black kid, button or lace, patent leather tip, spring heels, sizes 12 to 2.	
\$1.50 Misses' Shoes.	98c
Buton or lace, black kid, stitched soles, patent tips, spring heels, sizes 12 to 2.	
\$2 Misses' Shoes.	1.48
Fine vici kid shoes, sizes 12 to 2, button or lace, heel foxing and flexible sewed soles.	
\$1.25 Child's Shoes.	86c
Black kid, lace or button, spring heels, new style toe and tip.	

Girls' Shoes.

\$1.25 Boys' Shoes.	79c
Little Gents' spring heel, lace, Harvard toe and tip; sizes 9 to 13 1/2.	
\$1.50 Boys' Shoes.	1.05
Casco calf, lace, wide coin toe and tip; sizes 12 to 2; solid soles.	
\$1.75 Boys' Shoes.	1.27
Casco calf, lace, with nickel eyelets and hooks, 1/2 double stitched soles; sizes 2 1/2 to 6.	
\$2.00 Boys' Shoes.	1.35
Kid top, calf lace shoes; bulldog and coin toe last, all sizes, 2 1/2 to 5 1/2.	

Men's Shoes.

\$1.75 Men's Shoes.	1.09
Casco calf, lace and congres, all sizes, coin toes.	
\$2.00 Men's Shoes.	1.24
Lace and congres, coin toe with tip and plain globe last, medium weight, all sizes.	
\$2.50 Men's Shoes.	1.52
Coin toe, lace and congres in black, and Russia calf tan lace, all sizes.	
\$2.75 Men's Shoes.	1.88
Vici kid and Porpoise calf, all sizes in both leather, sizes to fit all normal feet.	
\$3.00 Men's Shoes.	1.98
Genuine wax calf skin, lace and congres, plain globe and coin toe last, all sizes.	
\$3.50 Men's Shoes.	2.17
Vici kid and calf skin, bull dog and coin toes, lace only, all sizes in the different styles.	
\$3.50 Men's Shoes.	2.44
The celebrated "Cream Calf" shoes, single or double soles, lace and congres, globe, bulldog and coin toes.	
\$4.00 Men's Shoes.	3.00
Double sole, welted, vici kid and White Bros. genuine box calf with nickel eyelets, tan and black, bulldog last, all sizes and widths.	
\$5.00 Men's Shoes.	3.50
Box calf, vici kid, Russia calf, heavy double soles, black and winter tans; all sizes in all styles.	

Boys' Shoes.

\$1.25 Boys' Shoes.	79c
Little Gents' spring heel, lace, Harvard toe and tip; sizes 9 to 13 1/2.	
\$1.50 Boys' Shoes.	1.05
Casco calf, lace, wide coin toe and tip; sizes 12 to 2; solid soles.	
\$1.75 Boys' Shoes.	1.27
Casco calf, lace, with nickel eyelets and hooks, 1/2 double stitched soles; sizes 2 1/2 to 6.	
\$2.00 Boys' Shoes.	1.35
Kid top, calf lace shoes; bulldog and coin toe last, all sizes, 2 1/2 to 5 1/2.	

Boys' Clothing.

\$2.50 Child's Suits.	1.89
Stylish vestee suits. Ages 4 to 8. Plaids and fancy patterns.	
\$3 Child's Suits.	2.38
Extra values at \$3; sizes 4 to 8. Handsome vestee styles, neatly trimmed.	
\$5.00 Child's Suits.	3.35
Elaborately trimmed vestee suits. Beautiful colorings. Ages 4 to 9.	
\$2.00 Boys' Suits.	1.44
Two piece suits. Do the best of coats, knee pants. Good chevrons. Ages 4 to 10 years.	
\$3.00 Boys' Suits.	1.96
Knee pants suits. Difficult to match with a new suit. Ages 8 to 10 years.	
\$5.00 Boys' Suits.	3.85
Double seats and knees, and leather bound pockets. Two piece suits. Large variety of patterns. Ages 8 to 10 years.	
\$5.00 Youths' Suits.	3.98
Coat, vest and long pants. Brown and gray mixed chevrons. Ages 14 to 19 years.	
\$7.50 Youths' Suits.	5.46
Black cheviot suits, double and single-breasted coats. Ages 12 to 19 years.	
\$9.50 Youth's Suits.	7.35
Fancy mixed chevrons, herringbone and plaids, well tailored, single and double breasted coats, ages 12 to 16 years.	
\$12.50 Youth's Suits.	8.46
All-wool blue serge suits, perfect workmanship, elegant fitting, ages 14 to 19 years.	

Boys' Furnishings.

12c Boys' Hose.	5c
Fast black, two thread, ribbed hose, all sizes.	
25c Boys' Pants.	14c
Knee pants, all sizes from 4 to 15 years, stripes and mixtures.	
50c Boys' Pants.	25c
Gold serviceable knee pants, sold regularly at 50c. Removal Sale.	
20c Boys' Hose.	11c
Heavy ribbed, fast black, double knee, two thread.	
35c Boys' Underwear.	15c
Shirts or drawers, cotton flannel, cotton flannel, and white merino.	
25c Neckwear.	12c
Silk and satin handkerchiefs in pretty patterns.	
50c Boys' Shirts.	29c
Fancy bosom shirts with collar and cuffs attached.	
75c Boys' Shirts.	45c
Fancy bosom shirts with collar and cuffs attached.	
12c Boys' Suspenders.	7c
Good web suspenders with wire buckles.	
50c Boys' Underwear.	25c
Natural gray and camel's hair merino, all sizes, shirts or drawers.	
50c Boys' Suspenders.	37c
Red and blue, heavy cotton suspenders with either roll or cape collar.	
Boys' Hats.	
50c Hats.	29c
Felt Alpine Fedora hats, black, blue and brown.	
50c Child's Hat.	14c
Fancy trimmed Tam O'Shanter, red, green, brown and blue.	
75c Yacht Caps.	49c
Leather Yacht Caps, fancy trimming.	

Wrappers
Wanted.

JACOBY BROS.,

128 to 138 North Spring St.

THE CITY OF SHANGHAI.

SOME OF THE THINGS THE TRAVELER SEES THERE.

Erroneous Ideas of Geography—The City not a Seaport—Not a Chinese but a Substantial English City—A Startling Rumor from Japan.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]
SHANGHAI, Sept. 25.—The muddy stain which changes the water of the sea from blue to yellow is the first intimation that China lies just below the horizon. It is the Yang-tse-Kiang discharging its enormous volume, thickened with mud in the thousands of miles of its course. Well may the sea which it feeds be called the Yellow Sea—the name is apt and well applied. This mighty stream, eighteen miles wide at its mouth, is one of the many great waterways of China, which is crowded with craft, steamers, sailing vessels and, latterly, with foreign steamships, and it serves as a general thoroughfare in a country which is without roads, and in which railways are yet to be constructed. A rival of the Amazon and the Mississippi, unlike the latter it still remains the easiest and most practicable route from one remote district to another. It is fondly believed that with the introduction of British steamships upon Chinese rivers, piracy, the greatest menace to trade and travel, would be abolished. The recent conflict between the freebooters and the British authorities shows that they are yet to be feared, and that years must possibly elapse and still more force be raised to bring before life and property are safe upon their turbid waters. It is amazing how hazy are the average reader's ideas of China. Writers rarely ever bother themselves about the unimportant details of locality and comparative size. Shanghai is commonly termed a seaport. Upon the ordinary map it is, apparently, situated upon the coast. In reality the city is fifteen miles from the lower course of the river in which the larger sea-going vessels are forced to anchor. The approach to this safe anchorage is across a wide bar upon which the ship's keel scrapes unpleasantly at low tide. As she progresses up-stream slowly and cautiously, soundings are made at frequent intervals, and it is a happy fortune when she at last finds herself well beyond the shoals. Not more unlike, as a people, are the Japanese and Chinese than are the countries which they respectively inhabit, or at least that portion upon which the eye of the western traveler first falls. This high, irregular coast of Japan is a distinct contrast to the low level shores of China, dim, fringed with misty green, uninteresting and tame. From the ship one is transferred to the tug which comes out to meet the vessel. A merry dance in rough weather until the shelter of the smelter stream is reached, which flows into the Yang-tse-Kiang, after which there is smoother sailing. From the moment one goes aboard at San Francisco there is a change of the Orient about him, which has a subtle charm, wholly unlike anything pertaining to the prosaic and commonplace Atlantic. The servants are all Chinese, with dangling queue, or with that appendage tidily thrust into a convenient pocket, they move about as noiselessly as shadows. At meal time they wear over their

clothing long slips of snow-white linen, so that they resemble some strange order of oriental priests. Lunched many of them, so to remain until one returns to Honolulu. When the days grow warm, the punkah is set going, and the breezes stir one's locks as the after-dinner coffee is leisurely sipped. Here are travelers to strange and remote countries. Parsee merchants in semi-European coats and trousers of raw silk who inveigh bitterly against the incivility of their consuls in the Far East; troops of missionaries going out "to carry the gospel to the heathen;" and, in these latter days, a sprinkling of young army and navy officers going to join their commands in the Philippines. There are also officers' wives and children, and American consuls and promoters, and here, as everywhere, a goodly representation of the mere globe trotter. The steamer of the oriental steamer is crowded with Chinese coming home from the ship to Shanghai. It is interesting only in one particular: it shows to what an extent the American and European already have secured a foothold in China. There are, to be sure, great unwieldy junks moving slowly up or down stream, with huge glaring eyes in the bow that they may see their way through storm and darkness, but there are with them, also, vessels flying the flag of every nation—English, first of all, Danish, French, German and Italian. The line of European vessels extends from Japan through the inland sea, down the Chinese coast and around the shores of all Asia—a raising of the powers that be, as events in the near or remote future will prove. Along one bank of the muddy stream runs a railway, and a telegraph line, both completed and having been in operation for some years. There are mills with their tall chimneys sending out clouds of black smoke—cotton mills and silk mills, representing foreign industry and thousands of dollars of foreign capital. When one steps ashore one sees, not a Chinese, but a solid, substantial English city embowered in subtropical gardens. There are the same stately sidewalks, the ample supply of light and water, and other modern conveniences which, as far as anything else, entitle Shanghai to its name, "the model settlement." It is not only the model, but it is the largest and most substantial, well-governed English city, with a Chinese quarter as a mere adjunct, and its children, the Chinese, are overshadowed by its heterogeneous American and European residents. But it is not so wholly English as might appear. There are also an American settlement and a French settlement, the latter as Parisian as the Rue Haussmann—with all the brightness and gaiety to which the abolition of foot-binding has given rise. The Chinese are a large, sturdy, and well-proportioned people, with a fine, intelligent, and a certain oriental tone has been given. The six-story buildings along the Bund, or water front, are of solid and massive construction, with a large number of queer cabs with slatted tuft windows, like a new species of Black Maria. Indian police in black clothes and towering scarlet turbans, who tell you that "they speak a little English," and last of all, a constabulary precisely the counterpart of that of London or Liverpool. Shanghai differs from the latter in another respect—the streets are densely shaded, trees and shrubbery not being confined to parks

and secluded gardens, hidden behind the houses. In the hotels one finds a French menu, fairly good cooking, electric lights, the telephone, brilliantly polished floors, without even rugs to break the shining smoothness of their surfaces; with a few old chests of drawers and squat tables that are indigenous to British hostleries the world over, and everybody eats curry and rice, even in Paris. London is more cosmopolitan. A glance at the signatures upon the hotel register shows a list of names from every part of the world—London, New York, Buda Pesth, Vienna, Melbourne, Batavia, Singapore, Calcutta, Birmingham and Brussels. There is the corporation lawyer from New York, keen, nervous, looking after the interests of an American railway enterprise; the Belgian and British engineer, an English officer on his way to his command in upper Burma; a high-caste Indian in his towering turban, with his fine, patrician features, and the impassive Chinese, whose country one quite forgets that it is, looking on—emotionless as a Sphinx, thinking his own thoughts, going his own way and keeping his own counsel. It impresses the observer as the preparation for a stirring drama, in which the chief actors are quietly taking their places, ready for the part that may be assigned them. The house is filled with Chinese servants, who go about among this modern babel listening and noting a good deal more than one might suppose, and making what use of their knowledge? Nobody knows—yet. These same silent, velvet-footed servants are clad in long robes of blue or like those of the Chinese, except that the robes are blue, and vainly the untrained ear endeavors to translate into human speech their queer falsetto argot, which passes for pigeon-English. One has just drifted into my room and delivered a long address, which I can do nothing but nod and smile, and presently discovered was an explanation that the mosquito net, which was deftly tucked around the head of the bed, would not be needed, as it was now too late for mosquitoes. There is one trait which apparently can never be eradicated—and that is their hereditary and deep-rooted contempt and aversion for women. An English lady, a distinguished writer, now in China with her husband, who is interested in building steamers for navigation in Chinese waters, said that at first, when she came out to the country, she could not get used to the Chinese, and that she was at her side, her existence was utterly disregarded. She was told that it would have been a shocking breach of Chinese etiquette had she taken any notice of her presence. From this it will appear that years of contact with Europeans and Americans, to say nothing of the efforts of the missionaries, have changed the Chinese very little. For these westerners of the educated classes, informed, as to least, as to the rights of women, whether they ignore it or not. There is a movement on foot to create a sentiment that may lead to the abolition of foot-binding. An effort has been made to interest the more liberal and progressive Chinese in the movement and to secure their cooperation. A further effort will be made to arouse the sympathy of the Empress, and an audience will be asked for a deputation who will present a memorial. It is doubtful if she will give them a hearing. A mass meeting

LOST vitality. How many men are suffering from that very disease? How about you, dear reader? Why don't you listen to reason? For thirty years I have been helping the sick and restoring strength to the weak. What I have done for others I can do for you. I use no drugs, for they do not cure, but simply my world-famous

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which cured over 6000 people during 1898. Mr. C. A. Steininger of 2416 Sutter street, San Francisco, writes: "After suffering for 25 years with rheumatism and indigestion I purchased one of your Belts, and in three months I was entirely cured." There are thousands more that say the same thing. Write today for my free book, or call at my office and consult me free of charge.

DR. A. T. SANDEN,
Office Hours—9 to 6. 119 1/2 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.
Sundays, 10 to 1. 18 Third St., San Francisco.

TRUSSES Elastic Hosiery made to fit.

W. W. Sweeney, 213 W. Fourth Street.
Latest L d spatch. Hallet & Davis Piano selected by National Committee exclusively for Admiral Dewey's home, in preference of all others. E. G. Robinson, 353 S. Broadway.

will be held on Friday in Shanghai, at which addresses will be made, and subsequent steps will be taken to continue further work.

I have had a strange hint today, from a man whose name I cannot remember, that some of the Japanese are preparing to make a sloop upon Port Arthur and other Russian ports, take them and drive the Russians back to their own legitimate frontier. My informant said that it was for this purpose that they are enlarging their navy, which, since they could not afford to maintain it permanently, they would subsequently reduce. He thought the plan was to make a sudden dash, take the Russians and surprise and dispossess them before they could realize what had happened. It is a mode of warfare in which the Japanese certainly ought to excel, and whether the prophecy is fulfilled or not, it is not only interesting, but serves to show what theories are seriously entertained on this side of the Pacific. At any rate, the speaker was nothing of a visionary, but a practical, hard-headed Britisher, whose opinions are based on long experience and wide observation. MARY H. KROFT.

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Weak, nervous ailing men should consult DR. WHITE & CO., expert specialists in Disorders of Men. They offer you free consultation and advice, and will tell you if your case is curable or not. If curable, THEY CAN CURE YOU. Payment may be made when cured, or if preferred, in weekly or monthly payments. Write for free book and full particulars. Persons at a distance can be cured at home. Correspondence confidential. Address plainly and in full. DR. WHITE & CO., 128 North Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

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Non-breakable sets, beautiful gums fit. Absolutely painless fitting. Gold Crowns \$3. Teeth Without Plates \$5.00. Difficult cases guaranteed a success. No charge. No pain. No delay. Dr. C. STEVENS, 217 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

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Housekeepers, Attention!

We have a fine line of Steel Ranges and Cook Stoves, guns, cheap. Refrigerators way down as they are part of the season. NALERTH & CASE HARDWARE CO., New Location, 412 S. Broadway. CONSUMPTION CURED by the WHITMAN METHOD. Patients treated at home or at the Institute. Symptom blank and treatise on "Consumption" by the Whitman Method. Free. Kees-Medical Institute, 412 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal. Exhibition pieces from Chicago's World Fair, in our Spring Street window. STEINER KIRCHNER CO., 100 North Main Street, 29 South Spring Street. Park Cyclery Rents Bicycles. 515 South Hill, Opposite Central Park. Tel. John 23

14
BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

Los Angeles, Nov. 4, 1899.

NO MONEY CRISIS.

Those persons who have regarded the money situation in New York as bordering on a crisis will have reason to be surprised at the universal indifference which the banks display toward the government's offer of \$20,000,000 cash in anticipation of interest on the public debt. This offer has been considered by the banks not from the point of view of necessity, says the American Banker, but from that of profit. If they felt themselves to have reached a situation where, profit or not, the money must be gathered in, they would have accepted the treasury's proposal with alacrity. But, feeling that they were fully able to take care of the situation, and that the general situation was sound, the offer could be regarded only as a business proposition, that is, as profitable or otherwise. To the extent to which the banks have found it profitable to accept this offer they have naturally applied for the anticipated interest. But the amount which has been paid out is not insignificant, and has had no effect on the money market.

COMMERCIAL.

SARDINES UP. American sardines, one-fourth cask, are now up to \$4.50 per case. There are 100 cases in a case, and as they retail at 5 cents each, there is only 40 cents profit in the sale of 100 boxes.

CANNED CORN. The ordinary grades of canned corn in this market have to be jobbed now at \$1 per dozen.

REVIVAL IN SHIPPING. A great revival is taking place in American shipping, and this coast is decidedly "in the swim." In spite of the modern development of the steel ship, and of the preponderance of steam over sail, in propelling the vessels, wooden sailing ships are not to disappear from the seas. A corporation, the California Shipping Company, has been organized in San Francisco with a capital of \$1,000,000, and has secured control of a fleet of ten good modern ships, of an aggregate tonnage of 15,000 tons. The company is looking to securing a second fleet of a larger number of ships, whose measurements would aggregate 15,000 tons. This is a very substantial showing, and indicates that the interest in shipping is on the increase.

WHY BEANS ARE HIGH. Merchants of all grades have been kept busy for two months trying to "keep their heads above water." The demand has been very active, and prices have gone soaring. The New York Commercial Inquirer tells why:

"The purchases of the old crop by the government cleaned up a large share of the holdings in the East, as well as in some portions of Canada, and notwithstanding fairly liberal offerings, the new crop has been sold at a price which has been so high as to induce the holders to believe that the old crop was being sold at a profit. The activity of buyers is believed to have been stimulated by the short crop reports in the West, and the speculative interest in the market has been developed largely through these reports."

"According to conservative estimates, based on these reports, the 1899 crop will not be in spite of a slightly larger area planted, more than 2,700,000 bushels against 3,200,000 bushels last year. The eastern crop, grown chiefly in New York State and Maine, will not be owing to the fact that the crop was early in the season, so large as that of 1898. In some quarters estimates have been made placing the output at 15 per cent. less than last year. The Michigan crop is said to be only 60 per cent. of the yield of 1898, while that of California shows a shortage of from 10 to 25 per cent."

"The following table shows the comparative prices per bushel in the spot market yesterday and on the corresponding date last year:

	1899.	1898.
Beans, marrow	\$2.25	\$1.50
Beans, marrow, medium	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, small	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50
Beans, marrow, extra	1.50	1.50

"There are only four States that make a specialty of growing beans in a large way, although the product is grown in greater or less quantities in all States. The annual crop of the country is 3,000,000 bushels, varying but little each year. This includes navy beans and lima beans, but excludes the variety beans grown largely in California. Field beans are shown most favorably in New York State, the farmers there being content with an annual crop of one-third the annual crop of the country, and place for many years, with California second, Michigan third and Maine fourth."

"While the crop is thus popular in only a few States, the fact remains that not enough beans are produced in this country to supply home requirements, the imports from the foreign countries exceeding the exports. During the past three years, however, the exports have been in excess of the imports, inducing the belief that the country was producing a considerable surplus. The following table shows the exports and imports in bushels during the past ten years:

	Exports.	Imports.
1890-91	780,000	564,984
1891-92	847,499	724,498
1892-93	600,215	483,830
1893-94	473,975	431,891
1894-95	242,650	1,535,660
1895-96	635,748	1,184,081
1896-97	637,072	1,184,081
1897-98	637,072	1,184,081
1898-99	251,063	1,256,287
1899-00	261,212	1,256,287

These statistics will interest Californians, and the work of the New York paper will show that bean-planting in California in 1900 will be on a very large scale, as the market will be bare of beans.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS

There are but few quotable changes in the market. Poultry is still moving slowly. It has been a quiet week. Today is likely to make a better demand. The week of Thanksgiving day will be a good time to sell small turkeys. Eastern dressed fowls of all kinds may be looked for in quantity in a few days. Range eggs are scarce, and there is a wide range in the price. Some do not pretend to get above 21 or 22 cents in competition with fresh eastern at 25 cents.

Butter is unchanged, the demand running largely on eastern at 25 cents in tubs or bricks. The commission gets it at 30 cents and is well satisfied with it. Local creamery is in light supply and goes to special lines of trade for the most part. Cows are beginning to come in, and with continued rains and warm weather there will be some increase after a few weeks.

The demand for fine dried fruits in a jobbing way is good.

Choice potatoes are firm at \$1.50 to

\$1.40, and good at \$1.15 to \$1.20. Sweet

potatoes are weaker.

Choice onions are firm. Wholesale dealers look for higher prices.

Peas still rule firm.

Fresh fruits are all firm, holders are disposed to let winter Nellis pears wait

at \$1.50 per box.

Large bunches of bananas are worth

\$2.50.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

POULTRY.

POULTRY.—Dressed turkeys, 15c weight for stock; 16c for family; 17c for poultry; 18c for turkeys; 19c for geese; 20c for ducks.

PORKS.

PORKS.—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 12c; fancy, 13c; plain, 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c.

HAMS.

HAMS.—Per lb., Rex brand, 12c; fancy, 13c; plain, 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c.

PICKLED BEANS.

PICKLED BEANS.—Per lb., 10c; 11c; 12c; 13c; 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c.

PICKLED PORK.

PICKLED PORK.—Per lb., 10c; 11c; 12c; 13c; 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c.

LARD.

LARD.—Per lb., 10c; 11c; 12c; 13c; 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c.

EGGS.

EGGS.—Per doz., 10c; 11c; 12c; 13c; 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c.

EGGS, BUTTER AND CHEESE.

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EGGS, BUTTER AND CHEESE.

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Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

AN OLD MAN TRIES TO KILL AND CREMATE HIMSELF.

Cuts His Throat and Wrist and Sets Fire to the Building in Which He Took Refuge—Meeting of the Tournament of Roses Association—Japanese Celebrate.

PASADENA, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] A pitiable old man, deranged in his mind, sick at heart, half naked and bleeding from self-inflicted wounds, was taken from a hut in which he had tried hard to kill himself, in South Pasadena this afternoon. About 4 o'clock John Ball, a poor man who occupies a cabin opposite the Children's Home on Mission street, saw the old traveler enter the hut near him, which has been long unoccupied. Presently he espied smoke issuing from the hut and found that it was fire. He rushed in and was dumfounded by what he saw. The aged pilgrim had built a fire against the inner wall, had laid his coat, shoes and hat on the blaze, had cut his throat and opened one of his wrists with a jackknife, and had laid himself down to die. Mr. Ball immediately extinguished the fire and notified City Marshal Reid.

It happened that the old fellow had a very dull knife, and although he bled freely, he had not penetrated so an artery in either cut, so his wounds did not give rise to immediate danger. Barefooted and coatless, he accompanied the Marshal to his office, where the cuts were dressed by a surgeon. The old man was a stranger to everybody. He evidently was insane. The Marshal could not ascertain from him where he came from or what his name was, his conversation being unintelligible. Although he was very weak, apparently suffering from lack of food, as well as from his injuries, he walked to the electric car with the Marshal and went to the County Hospital. A benevolent lady supplied him with a coat and hat to replace those burned, but he was shoeless when he started out. He appeared to be about 70 years old, bore marks of hard usage and evidently had been tramping for many days. At the County Hospital the old man was treated and put to bed. He still refused to disclose his name, or to give any account of himself.

WHY THE DYNAMITE?
Workmen engaged in tearing down the annex to Hopkins Block on the corner of Fair Oaks avenue and Union street today reported very rich in sensational possibilities. Under the building they found two unexploded dynamite cartridges. As one time the Pasadena Savings Bank was situated in the building, and later the city vaults, the theorists have it that the dynamite was placed there with nefarious intent.

ROSE TOURNAMENT.
The annual meeting of the Pasadena Tournament of Roses Association was held this afternoon at the Board of Trade rooms with twenty-five gentlemen in attendance. Mr. H. Weight presided. The committee appointed at a previous meeting, to select a list of directors, reported in favor of having the meeting altered to that business directly. C. D. Dazgett moved, that as all the old directors had served satisfactorily, they be re-elected, but after another they be elected to be excused and Mr. Dazgett withdrew his motion. J. A. Duchanau then moved that a committee of three be appointed to name a new board. The motion was carried and the chair appointed as that committee Messrs. Buchanan, F. F. Rowland and F. B. Wetherby. This committee will have the following list of officers, which the association voted to adopt: President, H. R. Hertel; vice-presidents, C. W. Smith, James H. Campbell; treasurer, F. M. Green; directors, C. M. Davis, F. Twombly, J. C. Brainerd, F. F. Rowland. The election of these officers means that the annual tournament will be carried out with great vigor and enthusiasm next New Year's day and that new features will be introduced. Dr. Rowland, one of the new directors, suggests that races and other sports be arranged to take place after the parade, and that the afternoon be made joyous as the morning. An endeavor will be made to interest tourists in the sporting events.

JAPANESE CELEBRATION.
Almost the entire Japanese population of Pasadena gathered in the Manako restaurant this evening to celebrate the birthday of the Emperor of Japan. Twenty men and four ladies were present and partook of a supper composed of national dishes. The orator of the evening was Yemajo, a Japanese artist, who spoke proudly of the national history, and the remarkable development of his people in recent years. Some of the other men made short talks, and all exchanged reminiscences of "old times" in Japan. The festivities were of a very quiet order.

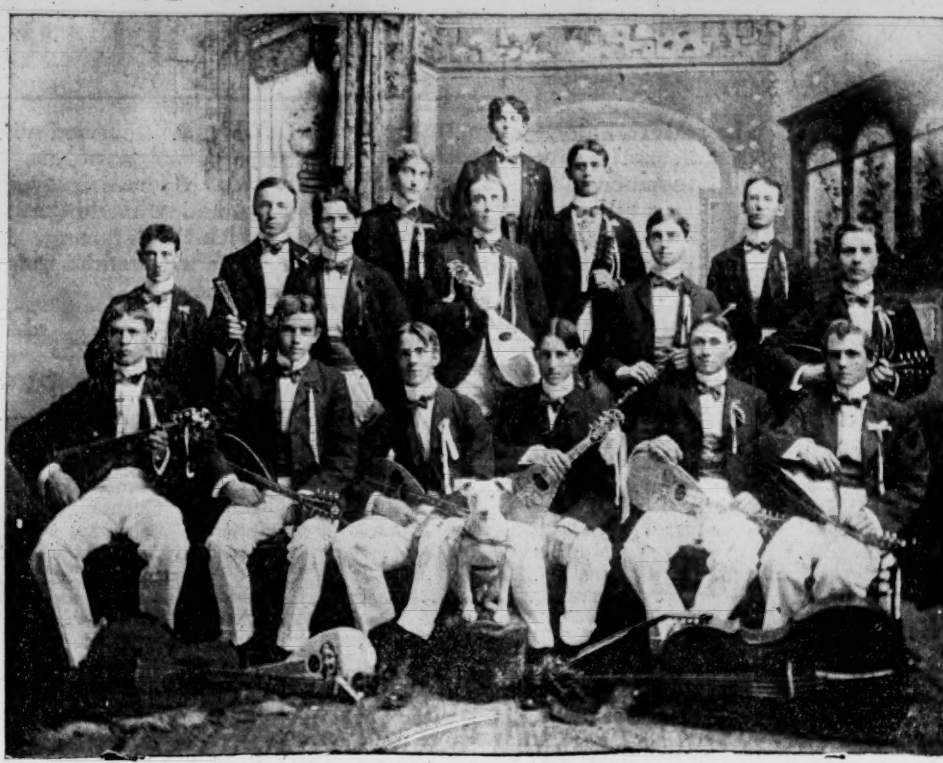
THE CITY PAPAS.
Again the City Trustees met this forenoon in committee of the whole. They spent much time in talking over the water situation, but did not decide upon any course of action. They are to receive further information from the directors of the West Side Company. The trustees suggested to the managers of the San Gabriel Electric Company that they might stand a better chance of getting their coveted twenty-three months' franchise if they should arrange with some of the other companies to use their poles for stringing wires in order that they might not be disturbed by the city.

PASADENA BREVIETTES.
Two boys, supposed to be tramps, Harry Bartlett and Thomas Abbott, were taken from a Santa Fe freight train last night. They were stealing a ride, and one of them wore his coat and hat wrong side out. They were arraigned before Justice Merriam this afternoon, when Bartlett claimed to live on Summit avenue, this city, and Abbott in Los Angeles. They said they were just taking a fly on the cars and begged to be let off. The court discharged them.

The current events class, which will continue six months, began its work today at the Shakespeare Club house under the direction of Mrs. Lou V. Chapin of Los Angeles, with fifty ladies in attendance. A spirited discussion of the situation in South Africa took up a large share of the time, the history of the trouble being fully developed.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Congregational Church has elected Mrs. Morton, president; Mrs. Marston and Mrs. Huse, vice-presidents; Mrs. Chapin, secretary. The Ladies Aid Society of the same church has elected Mrs. Foote, president; Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Beck, vice-presidents; Mrs. Culver, secretary, and Mrs. Barnes, treasurer.

The Odd Fellows have made preparations for a novel contest. The present officers and a picked team will



THROOP INSTITUTE MANDOLIN AND GUITAR CLUB.

The Throop Institute Mandolin and Guitar Club of Pasadena, Edward Spaulding, Warren, director, will be heard in Los Angeles for the first time November 8, at Blanchard Hall. The following artists will appear: Mrs. Frances Lewis Ford, soprano; Miss Mary O'Donoghue, accompanist; Clarence Stevens, cello; F. Y. Chapin, harp; and Valentine Abt, the world-renowned mandolinist.

contest for honors in the work of conferring the initiative degree, the student who does the work best in the opinion of the judges, to be treated to a supper.

Dr. Davis has put his factory building on Bellevue drive at the disposal of Mrs. Smith and Miss Shaeffer for their free kindergarten, and the first public kindergarten in Pasadena will be started there November 13, by which time the schoolroom will be fitted up.

A carload of nails for the construction of the new bridge will arrive tomorrow. A dozen workmen are unloading 725,000 feet of lumber. S. J. Edwards has taken the contract to move 500 yards of dirt near Merlemont Park.

Frank T. Singer, aged 60, a G.A.R. veteran, who has resided for eighteen years in San Bernardino, died last night at his home on Colton, where he was married here today by Judge Merriam.

The board of directors of the Board of Trade held a meeting this afternoon and received a proposition from Mr. Sattley of the Echo Mountain House, to make an excursion up the mountain.

A sign fell from the store of Heiss Bros., on the corner of Colorado street and Fair Oaks avenue tonight and injured Mrs. Henrietta Bishop, a widow from Colton, where she was married here today by Judge Merriam.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church propose to host monthly suppers through the winter, to promote sociability, and they gave the first one this evening.

The class of '01, Pasadena High School, held a reception and entertainment at Knights of Pythias Hall this evening.

A crowd that completely blocked Colorado street watched the bulletins of the Jeffries-Sharkey fight this evening.

Corona Lodge of Free Masons conferred the third degree on W. J. Pierce last evening.

An antique thief stole a bicycle from the cellar of J. H. Glover on Hill street last night.

The commission for widening Mission street has been awarded to the Pasadena Highway Commission, which has made a preliminary survey.

The Shakespeare Club will have its "California day" on Saturday.

Fancy silks for waists, trimmings, ruffles, linings, etc., in all the noblest styles, at Jones & Hunt's.

Hear Valentine Abt and the Throop Mandolin Club at the Auditorium Tuesday evening.

Your gloves and hose will be satisfactory if bought at Bon Accord.

Those cards of McCament's are selling like hot cakes.

Bicycles. Prices dropped. Columbia Cyclery.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

SAW THE ORANGE ORCHARDS.

RIVERSIDE, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] Alexander Craw, State quarantine officer, and B. F. Leong, secretary of the State Horticultural Commission, visited Riverside yesterday. They were driven over the valley by Horticultural Commissioner Cundiff. They expressed themselves in enthusiastic terms concerning the condition of the orchards.

Ramonah Rebekah Lodge held a largely-attended meeting last evening, on the occasion of the visit of Mrs. Helen M. Carpenter, of Ukiah. A large delegation from Starlight Lodge, Corona, was present. Three candidates were initiated and a banquet followed.

Harry Mitchell has been appointed major of the California regiment of the Macabees.

C. F. Marcy has sold five acres of a fine orange grove on Sodavick street to Mr. Funk, consideration, \$7000.

Hannah J. Oviatt has commenced a suit against the estate of Stephen Cross, to quiet title to the south half of the northwest quarter of section 25, township 2 south, range 3 west.

Judge Harvey Potter has been appointed secretary of the Charity Association.

The Riverside Concert Band has arranged to give a series of Sunday afternoon concerts.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.
AGED PIONEER PASSES OUT.
SAN BERNARDINO, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] Marcus D. Katz, aged 80 years, died last night and was buried today. He was one of the oldest and most respected pioneers of the county. Deceased came to San Bernardino in 1852. He was County Treasurer for thirteen years. By careful business habits he accumulated quite a large fortune, and at his death was owner of the finest brick blocks in the city.

STOLE BRASS FAUCETS.
Men who have stolen hundreds of dollars' worth of brass faucets from orchardists in Colton, Cucamonga and Ontario, were arrested in India last evening. They gave the names of Jeff Harp, Charles Jost, and W. A. Bowers. Bowers has turned 'State's evidence and has confessed the whole story.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVIETTES.
The Santa Fe tug-of-war team will go to San Diego tomorrow to pull the San Diego team in the evening. The local team will be captained by T. A. McNeal.

The Woman's Relief Corps was inspected this afternoon by Mrs. Abbie Sylvester, of Los Angeles.

The district convention of the Ladies' Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church met here yesterday. There were about fifty delegates present from outside the city.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.
STEAMER CARLISLE CITY IN.
SAN DIEGO, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] The California and Oriental steamer Carlisle City arrived here this morning from Honolulu, and is detained at the quarantine station, as she had no bill of health from Honolulu. She will be detained at the quarantine station pending telegraphic orders from Washington for her release. There is no sickness aboard the steamer.

SAN DIEGO BREVIETTES.
The open meeting held last evening at Y.M.C.A. Hall, under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce, was largely attended. The programme was devoted to articles by prominent citizens dwelling upon the advantages of San Diego as a health and pleasure resort. President Marston of the Chamber of Commerce presided. Dr. Goehner spoke of the city's advantages as a health resort; Dr. T. G. McConkey talked upon aquatic and outdoor sports; and Oscar A. Trippett gave an address upon Pacific fishing.

Receiver Isaac Trumbo of the Golden Cross mine has presented a petition to the Superior Court, asking for an order authorizing and directing him to purchase and put up on the Golden Cross property the machinery necessary for the operating of a cyanide plant having a capacity of 200 tons. The hearing was set for next Wednesday by Judge Hughes.

Philip Morse has been chosen to represent the Chamber of Commerce at the irrigation convention to be held in San Francisco the 14th inst.

The plaintiffs in the damage suit being tried in the Superior Court against the Southern California Mountain Water Company, completed their introductory testimony Thursday, and E. S. Babcock, representing the defense, was called upon to explain the build-

ing of and the workings of the dam at Onga.

The Santa Rosa, upon her last trip to San Francisco and way ports, carried nearly thirty tons of lemons.

Mr. Mark, a painter employed upon the Badley residence, fell from a twenty-foot scaffold Thursday, sustaining a compound fracture of the bones of the ankle.

CORONADO BEACH.
BREVIETTES AND PERSONALS.
HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] Miss Helen Healy of Coronado, one of the most expert golf players on the beach, will take part in the open competition and handicap tournament for women to take place in Los Angeles tomorrow at the Los Angeles Country Club golf links.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Clark of Fresno who have been at Hotel Del Coronado during the past week, leave today for a visit in Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Wangerheim have been in New York City during the past month. They will return to San Diego and Coronado about the first of the year.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Brill, prominent New Yorkers touring the Pacific Coast, will spend some time at Coronado, accompanied by Mrs. Brill. They arrived Thursday evening.

Gen. Smith and daughter, Mary Livermore Smith, of Washington, D. C., who spent the past year in Southern California, have returned to the East and will occupy their Washington home during the coming winter season.

Residents of Coronado, for many years, are now standing on the sidewalk opposite the quarry. Last night some two carloads of food stuffs arrived in this city for the camp. The railroad will take out several hundred tons of this brownstone, which will be used for rip-rapping purposes along the Oxnard-Santa-Chausworth Park road. A large force of men will be employed at the quarry. About two years ago the Southern Pacific used over one thousand tons of this stone for rip-rapping along their line, as it crossed the Santa Clara River, between Montalvo and El Rio.

VENTURA COUNTY.
BIG QUARRY TO BE REOPENED.
VENTURA, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] The brownstone quarry situated some six miles from this city on Ventura avenue and adjoining the Oxnard branch of the Southern Pacific road, will be reopened within a few days. Two carloads of outfit, including derricks and other necessary tools, are now standing on the sidetrack opposite the quarry. Last night some two carloads of food stuffs arrived in this city for the camp. The railroad will take out several hundred tons of this brownstone, which will be used for rip-rapping purposes along the Oxnard-Santa-Chausworth Park road. A large force of men will be employed at the quarry. About two years ago the Southern Pacific used over one thousand tons of this stone for rip-rapping along their line, as it crossed the Santa Clara River, between Montalvo and El Rio.

ANAHEIM.
SOME RAILWAY TRACK BUILT.
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ORANGE COUNTY.

POWDER MILL IS SANTA ANA'S LATEST PROJECT.

A Local Company Organizing to Carry Out the Scheme for an Ice Plant, and Soon to Be Incorporated. Walnut Thieves in the Santa Ana Valley.

SANTA ANA, Nov. 3.—[Regular Correspondence.] A powder mill is now projected for Santa Ana, and unless all signs fail, an enterprise will soon be located just south and west of the city, which will be manufacturing explosives of various kinds. The enterprise is apparently headed by Superintendent Lafferty of the Santa Ana Gas and Electric Company, and it is reported that he has Los Angeles capital associated with him. There are also several residents of this city who are claimed to have more than a friendly interest in the enterprise.

AND ALSO AN ICE PLANT.
Since the scheme of an ice plant has been started in Santa Ana by the Chamber of Commerce, investors, figuratively speaking, are tumbling over themselves to get in on the ground floor. Three different individuals and companies have given out the information recently that they intended to establish an ice factory in this city immediately. Until yesterday a shrewd banker from Colorado, who has been looking up this matter for the past several months, and who has been in direct communication with the chamber, was thought to be the most available, and he was expected to arrive here within a few weeks to take the matter up personally. The Times correspondent had not sooner gained publicity than the fact became known that a local company was in course of organization, whose purpose was to build, equip and operate an ice plant. A member of the company called at the Times branch office yesterday and stated that the company would be incorporated within a few days, when the names of the parties who would be interested in the company would be given to the public. The Times correspondent is informed that the plant will have a capacity of eight tons per day, and that the capacity will be increased just as fast as the business will justify.

SANTA ANA BREVIETTES.
Complaints are being made to the Sheriff of the presence of walnut thieves throughout the Santa Ana Valley. It is an easy matter to carry away \$25 or \$50 worth of walnuts in a small wagon, and there is no way of identifying the goods when they are taken away with them, for they are all put up in the same kind of sacks. The farmers will probably have to load on the goods and do a little midnight watching on their own account. This policy may slightly reduce the census of 1400 in Southern California, but the farmers will have more walnuts.

A game of football will be played in this city tomorrow (Saturday) between the Santa Ana High School team and an aggregation of kickers from the University of Southern California. The championship of Southern California is now held by the Santa Ana High School team.

James Hill of Los Angeles has secured the olive crop on the Hewes ranch near El Modena, and the picking of the olives will be done on the ranch. The olive crop on the Hewes ranch this year is better in quality and quantity than it has ever been before.

Lydia E. Rumbold of this city was today granted a divorce by Judge Ballard from her husband, John Rumbold, on the grounds of cruelty and desertion. Rumbold is now a resident of Oxnard, Ventura county.

County Surveyor Finley has surveyed a new public highway to be opened from a point south of Westminster, to the Bolsa Chico Gun Club preserve. The road will be graded and graveled in the very near future.

Santa Ana is now shipping out from 1500 to 2000 pounds of butter per week to Los Angeles and San Francisco. Creamery butter from this valley is quoted 5 cents per pound higher than other butter.

A team from this city won the wood-sawing contest at Anaheim Wednesday night, given by the Woodmen of the World of the Mother Colony, and the trophy was, therefore, brought back to this city.

C. F. Matthews of Tustin has purchased a ranch near El Modena from the estate of Margaret B. Dorland et al. The property consists of seven acres, and was purchased for \$2000.

Five lots in the Hill tract in this city and a ranch of fifty-three acres in the Van de Graaf tract, above graded, were sold yesterday to John Philip Kuechel for \$4000.

As yet the officers have not succeeded in locating the thieves who looted the rooms of several occupants of the Rosemont Hotel Wednesday.

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of track from the terminus of the Newport line over the survey toward Benedict, where junction will be made with the Los Alamitos branch. A large crew of men did the work in a day and then left. The road was compelled to build the track in order to prevent the ground from reverting to the county, but it is considered an indication that the Southern Pacific will shortly build to a connection with Benedict and San Pedro. It was stated by a Southern Pacific official yesterday that as soon as the Santa Barbara "gap" job is finished the construction force will be brought here and work commenced on a big scale.

PLENTY OF TROUBLES.
V. M. Barron of this city, who was burned out at Mojave, thence he has having more than his share of troubles. Barron returned to Mojave after coming here and securing funds with which to rebuild his place of business. When he got a shed up he commenced selling beer at 10 cents a glass, and the trade of the thirty came his way on the cut rate with such rapidity that his business opponent became alarmed. Calling on Barron, he demanded that he put up the price, and Barron refusing, left in a rage. That night a fence was built about Barron's place by the opposition saloon and in the morning Barron tore it down. At attempt to put the fence up again resulted in a fight and Barron's arrest. While locked up his saloon was torn down. Later Barron furnished bond and brought action against his opponent, at the same time telegraphing here for legal advice. The case will be heard next week.

ANAHEIM BREVIETTES.
Peatland celery shipments will commence in earnest next week. Much labor will be needed.

A test is to be made by Garden Grove parties of wild horsehood to ascertain whether the extract can be made profitably. The plant grows in great abundance.

Porter Charged With Theft.
NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—George W. Birchett, a colored porter employed by the Adams Express Company, was arraigned today and held for trial on a charge of stealing a money bag containing \$6000 in gold from the company's office Saturday last. He confessed and said he had taken the gold out of the office in a bundle of wool.

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Kidneys, liver and stomach will at once respond? No thorn in this point. Blood Poisoning—"The surgeon said when he took out the brass shell received in wound at San Juan Hill two weeks before, that it would have poisoned me if it had not been for my pure blood. I told him it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that made it pure." George P. Cooper, Co. G, 25th U. S. Inf., Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C.

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Hood's Pills cure liver, bile, the irritating and purgative cathartic in use with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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For Hair Shedding, Dandruff, Excessive Oiliness or dryness. For ladies and gentlemen treated at home.

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